ANNUAL REPORT

KANSAS CITY'S OVERFLOW CONTROL PROGRAM

REPORTING PERIOD: JANUARY 1, 2018 TO DECEMBER 31, 2018





CITY OF FOUNTAINS HEART OF THE NATION

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Greetings,

Please find enclosed the eighth annual report related to Kansas City's overflow control program. This report covers the annual reporting period from January 1, 2018, to December 31, 2018. Pursuant to the Consent Decree, this report has a required submittal date of no later than March 30, 2019.

Additionally, and as required by the Consent Decree, any report, plan, or other submission that the City is required to submit, including documents as required by its current NPDES Permits, shall be signed and certified by an official or authorized agent of the City.

By signing below, I certify under penalty of law that the document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted, and that the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Please contact me if you have questions.

Best regards,

Andy Shively, P.E. Special Assistant City Manager

cc: Troy Schulte, City Manager, City of Kansas City, Missouri Matthew J. Gigliotti, Assistant City Attorney, City of Kansas City, Missouri Terry Leeds, Director of Water Services, City of Kansas City, Missouri

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I. ANNUAL REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

On September 27, 2010, the United States District Court for the Western District of Missouri entered a consent decree in the case U.S. vs. The City of Kansas City, Missouri. The Consent Decree was amended for the first time by the parties and approved by the court on January 9, 2015 (Civil Action No. 4:10-cv-0497-GAF). A second amendment was presented by the parties and approved by the courts on January 5, 2018 (Civil Action No. 4:10-cv-0497-GAF). This Annual Report is submitted in accordance with Section IX.B of the Consent Decree and reflects the status of program implementation that occurred between January 1, 2018, and December 31, 2018.

In accordance with the Consent Decree's Section IX.A, this Annual Report also includes Kansas City's Semi-Annual Report on the progress of implementing control measures defined in Appendix A of the Consent Decree, as well as all other related activities.

II. KANSAS CITY'S OVERFLOW CONTROL PROGRAM

Individual elements of the City's Overflow Control Plan (Plan) became part of an enforceable document with the entry of a Consent Decree in United States District Court. The Consent Decree is a culmination of nearly a decade of negotiation between the City, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (MDNR) related to reducing overflows. The Consent Decree includes requirements for capital construction, management, operations and maintenance of the City's sewer systems.

The City and its regulatory partners have agreed to meet the objectives over a 25-year period from 2010 through 2035. The Plan involves a list of improvements that are structured to capture for treatment approximately 88 percent of total wet weather flow in the combined sewer system and eliminate separate sanitary sewer overflows during a five-year, 24-hour rainfall event. This implementation is referred to as the Overflow Control Program (OCP). Kansas City's Smart Sewer program team implements the Overflow Control Program to ensure compliance with the City's federal consent decree.

The occurrence of combined sewer overflows is not uncommon in combined sewer systems and is authorized pursuant to the terms of two of the City's National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permits (Westside WWTP and Blue River WWTP). NPDES permits are issued by MDNR to Kansas City and implemented by the Water Services Department (Water Services) at each treatment facility. Consent Decree components include:

- Capital projects targeted at reducing the occurrence Combined Sewer Overflows (CSO)
- Separate Sewer Overflow (SSO) Control Measures
- Nine Minimum Controls (NMC) Plan targeted at operationally reducing and addressing combined sewer overflows through a series of minimum control efforts
- Capacity, Management, Operation and Maintenance (CMOM) Plan targeted at reducing separate sewer system overflows by adequately operating and maintaining the sewer system
- Post-Construction Monitoring Plan aimed at long-term monitoring and assessment of overflow reduction
- Supplemental Environmental Project (SEP) Plan which includes the incorporation of best management practices and green infrastructure at two project locations, along with the initial SEP to reduce septic tank use in areas with public sewers
- Implementation of disinfection at all six of the City's wastewater treatment plants

Finally, during the reporting period the City conducted multiple meetings with EPA officials to provide updates on the status of Overflow Control Program implementation and to discuss the changes to the consent decree proposed by the City to be included in a 3rd Consent Decree Modification.

III. KANSAS CITY'S SEWER SYSTEM OVERVIEW

More than 150 years ago, Kansas City began building the basic sewer infrastructure that would allow the city to grow and prosper. Some of that infrastructure is still in use today.

Kansas City's overall sanitary sewer system comprises both combined and separate sewer systems totaling approximately 350 square miles. The combined sewer system consists of 58 square miles, primarily located in the oldest areas of the City. During moderate to heavy rainfall events, the system will reach capacity, overflow, and discharge a mixture of wastewater and rainwater directly to receiving streams and rivers. By implementing control measures in accordance with Kansas City's Consent Decree, the occurrence of overflows will be reduced over time.

The remaining 292 square miles of Kansas City's sewer system are a separate sanitary system. A separate sanitary sewer system is only intended to collect and convey wastewater. Rainwater can enter the system, however, through leaky sewer pipe joints, broken sewer pipes, manholes, and illicit stormwater direct connections causing the system to overload during rainfall events. When this system exceeds its capacity, it too overflows a mixture of wastewater and rainwater. Kansas City has one constructed sanitary sewer overflow (SSO) in the Blue Line Creek Basin, which is being eliminated as part of the Overflow Control Program. In addition, during the reporting period seven SSOs were identified in a separate sanitary system located in the Brush Creek Basin. The City evaluated elimination of these seven SSOs through inflow and infiltration reduction measures and commenced the implementation of select control measures during the reporting period.

IV. REPORTING PERIOD ACTIVITY

The following specific milestones, as laid forth in Consent Decree Appendices A and D, were met during the reporting period from January 1, 2018, through December 31, 2018. Work continued on several other projects that began in previous reporting periods, including the continuation of inflow/infiltration reduction activities in areas north and south of the Missouri River. To date, all Consent Decree scheduled milestone dates have been met. Activities performed during the reporting period associated with Nine Minimum Controls (NMC) and Capacity, Management, Operations and Maintenance (CMOM) as laid forth in Consent Decree Appendices B and C, respectively, are documented in this annual report in accordance with Section IX.B. Requirements for NMC and CMOM were met for the reporting period.

A. APPENDIX A – PERFORMANCE MEASURES

Lower Blue River Basin

- Sewer Separation: 40th and Monroe
 - $\circ~$ Consent Decree Required Start Date: 2022
 - Actual Start: March 2018
- 15th Street Pump Station Upgrade and Sewer Separation
 - Consent Decree Required Start Date: 2020
 - Actual Start: November 2018

Middle Blue River Basin

- Sewer Separation: Diversion Structure 099
 - Consent Decree Required Completion Date 12-31-2018
 - $\circ~$ Actual Completion May 2018
- Sewer Pipe Consolidation: Outfall 063
 - Consent Decree Required Completion Date 12-31-2018
 - Actual Completion May 2018

- Manhole Modifications: Middle Blue River
 - Consent Decree Required Completion Date 12-31-2018
 - Actual Completion September 2018
- Diversion Structures 065 and 073 Consolidation
 - Consent Decree Required Completion Date 12-31-2018
 - Actual Completion December 2018

Northeast Industrial District Basin

- NEID: Sewer Separation Diversion Structure 006
 - Consent Decree Required Completion Date 12-31-18
 - Actual Completion November 2018

Town Fork Creek Basin

- Town Fork Creek Neighborhood Sewer Rehabilitation
 - Consent Decree Required Completion Date 12-31-18
 - Actual Completion May 2018

Turkey Creek/ Central Industrial District Basin

- Sewer Separation: 31st Street and Broadway
 - Consent Decree Required Start Date: 2020
 - Actual Start: January 2018
- In-Line Storage: OK Creek Gates
 - Consent Decree Required Completion Date 12-31-18
 - Actual Completion December 2018

North of the Missouri River Separate Sewer System

- I&I Line Creek/Rock Creek Area 1
 - Consent Decree Required Completion Date 12-31-23
 - Actual Completion March 2018
- I&I Line Creek/Rock Creek Area 2
 - Consent Decree Required Completion Date 12-31-23
 - Actual Completion December 2018

South of the Missouri River Separate Sewer System

- I&I Reduction Blue River South Areas 1 & 2
 - Consent Decree Required Completion Date 12-31-2021
 - Actual Completion March 2018
- I&I Reduction Blue River South Area 3
 - Consent Decree Required Completion Date 12-31-2021
 - Actual Completion June 2018
- I&I Reduction Blue River North
 - Consent Decree Required Completion Date 12-31-2021
 - Actual Completion February 2018
- I&I Reduction Blue River Central 1
 - Consent Decree Required Completion Date 12-31-2018
 - Actual Completion September 2018
- I&I Reduction Blue River Central 2
 - Consent Decree Required Completion Date 12-31-2018
 - Actual Completion September 2018

B. APPENDIX D – POST-CONSTRUCTION MONITORING PROGRAM

The City implemented its Flow Monitoring Program for the outfalls listed below. Flow monitoring was performed in accordance with the revised CSS Metering Plan approved by USEPA in December 2016 as well as the Middle Blue River Post-Construction Monitoring Plan submitted in December, 2018.

- Outfall BR039 (continued)
- Outfall BR040 (continued)
- Outfall BR059 (continued)
- Outfall BR069 (continued)
- Outfall BR063 (commenced)
- Outfall BR064 (commenced)
- Outfall W003 (commenced)

C. CITY MEETINGS WITH EPA AND MDNR

The City conducted multiple meetings with EPA officials during the reporting period to provide updates on the status of Overflow Control Program implementation and to discuss the changes to the consent decree proposed by the City to be included in a 3rd Consent Decree Modification. Below is a listing of the meetings and telephone conference calls that were conducted during the reporting period:

Date	Location	Purpose
1/16/18	KC Water Services Dept.	Semi-Annual Program Update
5/2/18	KC Water Services Dept.	Commence Discussion about Need for 3rd CD Mod. Results of Updated FCA Assessment of Alternative OCP Scenarios
6/6/18	KC Water Services Dept.	Technical Discussion to Support 3rd Consent Decree Modification 2017 Wastewater System Master Plan Hydraulic Modeling Updates SSES Results Technology and GIS Updates
7/11/18	KC Water Services Dept.	 3rd Consent Decree Modification Projected Funding Available for Utility Improv. Restructuring of Consent Decree Potential Projects/Approaches to Achieve Reg. Compliance
8/15/18	Burns & McDonnell	 3rd Consent Decree Modification Use of Integrated Planning Framework Phased Implementation of Control Measures Expanded use of In-Line Storage and Real-Time Controls Green Infrastructure Implementation with CMAC Controls Rainfall Distribution Pilot Study Results
10/3/18	KC Water Services Dept.	 3rd Consent Decree Modification EPA Response to City Proposed 3rd Consent Decree Modification Technical Approach to Phased Implementation of Control Measures

Date	Location	Purpose
10/24/18	KC Water Services Dept.	3rd Consent Decree Modification EPA Response to City Proposed 3rd Consent Decree Modification
11/7/18	Telephone Conference Call	Technical Discussion Calculation of Percent Capture for CSS NRCS/SCS, Historical, and NOAA Atlas 14 Rainfall Distributions Areal Reduction Factor Evaluation
11/30/18	KC Water Services Dept.	3rd Consent Decree Modification EPA Response to City Proposed 3rd Consent Decree Modification
12/17/18	KC Water Services Dept.	3rd Consent Decree Modification City Response to EPA Proposed 3rd Consent Decree Modification

V. DATA MANAGEMENT AND PROJECT CONTROLS

Managing the large amount of data generated by the Smart Sewer Program is a primary focus of the City of Kansas City, MO. During the reporting period, the City continued to increase and diversify the functionality of its Management Information System (MIS) to capture data pertaining to work activities, schedules and budgets for all Smart Sewer projects. The MIS is currently being used to create and update project status reports, provide program financial summary information, forecast project costs and schedule information.

During the reporting period, the City continued to utilize Primavera scheduling tools for schedule management. This software enabled staff to more readily identify, update and track project progress, recognize potential challenges and enhance project team coordination. The result of these proactive, problem-solving efforts is more effective management of project scope, schedule, budget and risk profile.

The accumulation of data related to sewer system network characterizations, manhole inspections, sewer cleaning, and CCTV work in nine basins throughout the City continued during the reporting period. Water Services continued the process of storing this data in a virtual cloud network, as well as organizing, categorizing and distributing this information to design professionals involved with Smart Sewer projects. Using this data, the City is developing a City-wide Annual Sewer Rehabilitation program based on Likelihood of Failure (LoF) and Consequence of Failure (CoF). The Lof and CoF scores will be multiplied together, resulting in a business risk exposure measurement for the prioritization of rehabilitation efforts.

Updating the quality of the City's GIS data related to Smart Sewer projects also continued during the reporting period. As CCTV information in the Smart Sewer project areas was collected, it was subjected to a quality control check process before it was linked with the department's GIS information. These updates improved the quality of GIS information to provide more accurate accounting of where system assets are located. At the end of the reporting period, data for all nine projects basins had been through this process and is being integrated into the City's GIS platform.

During the reporting period, the City fully utilized an application and website built for Keep Out the Rain, the City's Private Inflow and Infiltration (I/I) Reduction Program. This data tool enabled Design Professionals performing private property building plumbing evaluations to record inspection information and schedule appointments with citizens who are eligible for the disconnection of prohibited I/I sources located on private property that are cost-effective for the City to remove for the public's benefit. This application also provided real-time analytics data to track program performance.

The City's Smart Sewer Program utilizes Aconex, a web-based software as a service (SAAS) program, for document control on Smart Sewer projects. This tool is utilized to track all facets of project delivery associated with construction, including submittals, correspondence, daily reports and payment applications. This application was utilized by Design Professionals, Construction Contractors, the City's Program Management Team, and City staff involved in the implementation of Smart Sewer Program projects.

VI. PUBLIC OUTREACH

Below is a summary of public outreach activities for the City's overflow control program completed during the reporting period. Additional information regarding these activities is in the discussion of NMC 7, which begins on page 27 in this report.

- Conducted 9 public meetings attended by more than 100 citizens about overflow control program related projects, which are discussed in more detail later in this report.
- Hosted 7 scheduling events reaching almost 200 residents in support of Kansas City's Private Inflow and Infiltration Reduction Program, Keep Out the Rain.
- Published program-related information on the City's website at kcmo.gov/smartsewer, through City of Kansas City, Missouri newsletter and social media channels and in neighborhood association newsletters.
- 20 media stories (television, radio and print) generating more than 3.2 million impressions.
- Ongoing engagement about projects and initiatives with residents via AlertKC (Nixle), Nextdoor, Twitter and Facebook media channels.

VII. IMPLEMENTATION OF OVERFLOW CONTROL MEASURES

A. POST-CONSTRUCTION MONITORING PROGRAM

Post-construction monitoring activities completed in 2018, as defined in Appendix D of the Consent Decree, are outlined in this report beginning on page 59.

B. GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE

i. ADDITIONAL GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE PILOT

Additional green infrastructure pilot projects in the Lower Blue River Basin have moved forward from 30 percent design to final design bid, and construction. These projects include three sites:

- East High School
- Veterans Administration (VA) Hospital and Linwood Green Park
- Avenues of Life Mattress Business Training Center

The first phase of green infrastructure is already under construction at East High School as a joint effort between Kansas City Public Schools and the City. The first phase of green infrastructure at East High School includes open bottom underground storage, removal of an asphalt parking lot, and a rain garden. The second phase of green infrastructure at East High School with bid and started construction. This phase will be completed in 2019 and includes a series of bioretention facilities.

The green infrastructure design for the VA Hospital and Linwood Green Park site was completed in 2018. Construction is scheduled to begin in mid-2019 and is contingent on getting maintenance agreements established between each property owner and the City. Green infrastructure facilities at the site include a series of bioretention swales and bioretention basins.

The green infrastructure design for the Avenues of Life site was also completed in 2018. Construction is scheduled to begin in mid-2019 and is contingent on getting a maintenance agreement established between the City and property owner. Green infrastructure facilities at the site include three bioretention basins.

ii. CONSENT DECREE GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS

During the reporting period, the city completed final design and bid for green infrastructure pilot projects located in the Northeast Industrial District and the Turkey Creek/Central Industrial District basins as required by the Consent Decree.

For the Northeast Industrial District project, a Design Professional was selected in 2016 to complete green infrastructure conceptual designs for two green infrastructure locations. The primary green infrastructure site, along Gardner Avenue at Monroe Avenue, completed final design and bid in 2018. Green infrastructure included with this project consists of a gravel wetland facility at Nicholson Park, and five bioretention facilities. Construction for the Gardner Avenue project is scheduled to begin in 2019. The second location, Admiral Plaza, was abandoned as a viable site due to physical site constraints and high cost per gallon of captured flow. The City considered an alternative site at 10th and Main Street in 2017. A concept design was completed, and stakeholder meetings were held. The city does not anticipate moving forward with preliminary design at this site, due to the feedback from stakeholders and relatively high cost per gallon of captured flow.

For the Turkey Creek/Central Industrial District project, a Design Professional was selected in 2016 to complete conceptual design of green infrastructure solutions at three locations. The concept design and preliminary design of green infrastructure solutions at all three locations were completed in 2017. Final design was completed in 2018. Green infrastructure included with this project consists of infiltration trenches, cisterns, permeable paver parking, infiltration dry wells, bioretention, and a bioretention swale. Construction is scheduled to begin in 2019.

See Table 1 on page 7 for more information.

iii. MIDDLE BLUE RIVER BASIN GREEN SOLUTIONS PILOT PROJECT

During the reporting period, Water Services' in-house green solutions maintenance crew continued maintenance activities for the pilot project area. More frequent maintenance tasks, including weeding and mulching, are performed by the Green Stewards. The Green Stewards program, contracted through Bridging the Gap (BTG), has been extended through 2019 as part of the City's green workforce development program.

C. COMPLIANCE WITH PERMITS

The City strives to continuously maintain compliance with its current wastewater treatment plant NPDES permits, and to properly maintain the capacity, management, operation and maintenance of the City's collection system.

i. DISCHARGE MONITORING REPORTS

A collection of the required discharge monitoring reports for the City's wastewater treatment plants, submitted to MDNR during the reporting period, is included in Attachment A of this report. The Wastewater Treatment Division of the Water Services Department submitted these reports, which are a part of the Missouri State Operating Permits MO-0024911, MO-0024929, MO-0024961, MO-0048305, MO-0049531, and MO-0048313.

ii. MONTHLY OPERATING REPORTS

The City's Monthly Operating Reports, submitted as part of the City's current NPDES permits, are included in Attachment B of this report.

VIII. COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW CONTROL MEASURES – APPENDIX A

Combined sewer systems (CSS) make up approximately 58 square miles of the city's sewer system, running from the Missouri/Kansas state line on the west, 85th Street on the south, the Blue River on the east, and the Missouri River on the north. The area served by the CSS is subdivided into six principal basins: Brush Creek, Lower Blue River, Middle Blue River, Northeast Industrial District (NEID), Town Fork Creek, and Turkey Creek/Central Industrial District (TC/CID).

Field investigation activities for neighborhood sewer rehabilitation projects are being completed through the City's SSP Program Management Services contract and two city-wide sewer cleaning and closed-circuit television (CCTV) inspection contracts. The combined work consists of sewer system network characterization and manhole inspections, sewer cleaning, and CCTV inspection of sanitary sewers in the NEID, Lower Blue River, and TC/CID combined sewer system basins. For more details on the quantities of these field investigations, see Section XI. Nine Minimum Controls-Appendix B.

The City's 25-year Overflow Control Program is being implemented in three stages, each with a primary control strategy. The early years of the program include repairs to the existing sewer systems and pilot projects with a focus on developing and evaluating green infrastructure solutions. The middle years of the program will focus on maximizing the capacity within the existing system and analyzing the results of source volume reductions and pilot projects. The later years of the program will address necessary improvements to the City's wastewater treatment plants and construction of structural storage solutions, which are currently planned as deep storage tunnels. Discussions held between the City, EPA, and MDNR in 2018 regarding the need for a 3rd Consent Decree Modification included expanded renewal of existing assets and increased use of green infrastructure in lieu of deep tunnel storage.

The status of the projects in the combined sewer system basins is summarized in Table 1. The combined sewer system had 27 active projects during the reporting period. Eight (8) projects were under design, and 19 projects were either advertising for construction bids, under construction, or construction was recently completed.

Project Name	Description		Complete through lanned Completion		CD Due Date
	COMBINED SEWER SYSTEM	Pre-Design	Design	Construction AFO	
Brush Creek Basin					
Neighborhood Sewer Rehabilitation	Neighborhood sewer rehabilitation work in the Brush Creek Basin has been split into two (2) design projects and four (4) construction packages due to the size of the basin. These projects are being implemented to improve the reliability and performance of the combined sewer system and reduce basement backups. The projects involve identification of sewer system defects and the preparation of construction contract documents to rehabilitate sewer pipes that are 12-inches and smaller in diameter. Work also includes the rehabilitation of sewer pipes and manholes in a separate sewer system area located within the Brush Creek basin to reduce <i>I/I</i> flows contributing to SSOs.	100%	100%	Area 1 East <u>79%</u> March 2019 Area 2 I&I <u>27%</u> April 2019 Area1 West <u>28%</u> May 2019 Area 2 NSR <u>43%</u> August 2019	12/31/2020

TABLE 1: PROJECT STATUS - COMBINED SEWER SYSTEM BASINS (THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2018)

Project Name	Description		t Complete through Planned Completion		CD Due Date
c	OMBINED SEWER SYSTEM	Pre-Design	Design	Construction AFO	
Lower Blue River Basin					
Neighborhood Sewer Rehabilitation	This project is being implemented to improve the reliability and performance of the combined sewer system and reduce basement backups. This project involves identification of sewer system defects, the preparation of construction contract documents, and the rehabilitation of manholes and sewer pipes 12-inches and smaller in diameter	<u>100%</u>	<u>75%</u> April 2019	Package 1 May 2021 Package 2 May 2021	12/31/2021
15th Street Pump Station Upgrade and Sewer Separation	Design documents will be prepared for the separation of approximately 22 acres of combined sewer system and for improvements to the 15th Street Pump Station.	<u>30%</u> August 2019	November 2020	December 2021	12/31/2022
Relief Sewer Hardesty & 31st Street	Design documents will be prepared for the installation of approximately 3,500 linear feet of approximately 54-inch diameter relief sewer.	<u>25%</u> August 2019	November 2020	December 2021	12/31/2022
Relief Sewer Vineyard & Lawn Street	Design documents will be prepared for the installation of approximately 3,400 linear feet of approximately 48-inch diameter relief sewer.	2 <u>5%</u> August 2019	November 2020	December 2021	12/31/2022
Sewer Separation 40th & Monroe	The project will separate approximately 220 acres and eliminate typical year overflows that are located in the tributary area contributing to Combined Sewer Outfalls 041, 043, 044, 045, 046, 047, 049, and 050 of the Lower Blue River Basin in Kansas City, Missouri.	<u>90%</u> February 2019	December 2020	March 2023	12/31/2023
Middle Blue River Basin					
Sewer Pipe Consolidation: Outfall 063 & 064	The project involves the consolidation of piping, disconnection of inlets from the combined sewer system, and elimination of 16 of 18 diversion structures. The overall goal is to eliminate typical year overflows at Outfall 063 and reduce the number of overflows at Outfall 064. The project scope has been expanded to achieve increased separation of storm inlets and sanitary sewers and integration of water main replacement work. Due to the size of the project, it has been broken into two phases to facilitate construction.	100%	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	12/31/2018
Middle Blue River Basin contin	nued				
Sewer Separation: Outfalls 066 and 067	Design documents have been prepared for separation of approximately 270 acres of the combined system. The Consent Decree does not mandate separation of combined sewers upstream of Outfall 066; however, this 10-acre area was added to the Project because of its proximity to Outfall 067, its small size, and the relatively small number of known stormwater inflow connections. Upon completion of this separation work, both outfalls will not overflow in the typical year.	100%	100%	71% June 2019	12/31/2019
Sewer Separation: Diversion Structure 099	Design documents were prepared for separation of 50 acres of combined sewers upstream of Diversion Structure 099. Green stormwater infrastructure best management practices (BMPs) have been incorporated to improve water quality of the separated stormwater flows. Because of this project, Diversion Structure 099 was eliminated. This project was combined with the adjacent Sewer Consolidation: Outfall 063 project into a single construction project.	100%	100%	100%	12/31/2018

Project Name	Description		t Complete through Planned Completion		CD Due Date
c	OMBINED SEWER SYSTEM	Pre-Design	Design	Construction AFO	
Diversion Structure 068 Storage Basin (formerly Relief Sewer Diversion Structure 068 to Blue River Sewer)	The Project is being designed to reduce combined sewer overflows at Outfall 068. A new open storage basin will be constructed in lieu of a relief sewer.	<u>100%</u>	<u>90%</u> March 2019	September 2020	12/31/2020
Manhole Modifications: Middle Blue River	The project is being constructed to raise the rim elevations or seal manhole covers to eliminate typical year overflows.	N/A	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	12/31/2018
I/I Reduction Area 13	This project is being implemented to reduce water in basement occurrences in a separate sewer system area located within the Middle Blue River basin. The project will also increase the level of service achieved by downstream interceptor sewers.	<u>75%</u> March 2019	November 2020	January 2022	N/A (City Project)
Diversion Structures 065 and 073 Consolidation (formerly Dry Weather Sewer Line: Outfall 056)	Design and construction of a new diversion structure to replace two existing diversion structures and associated piping and manholes. The new diversion structure will provide for easier access and will reduce overflows to outfall 056.	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	100%	12/31/2018
Blue River Trailhead at Blue Parkway - Alternate SEP 3	The Blue River Trailhead at Blue Parkway is an alternative Supplemental Environmental Project (SEP) that fulfills the requirements for the Supplemental Environmental Project as required by the Federal Consent Decree. The project consists of a new trailhead that will includes tree plantings along the Blue River, green stormwater infrastructure BMPs to treat runoff from the bridge and road, and parking lot area.	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	9/27/2018
Northeast Industrial District Bas	sin				
Sewer Separation: Diversion Structure 006	The project involves separation of approximately 260 acres of combined sewer system by constructing about 12,600 feet of new sanitary sewers and eliminating Diversion Structure 006. It will eliminate typical year overflows at Outfall 006. The project requires the inclusion of a pump station and force main and has been separated into three (3) construction projects: Phase 1) Sewer Separation; Phase 2) Private Sewer Separation; and Phase 3) Pump Station and Force Main.	100%	100%	100%	12/31/2019
NEID Green Infrastructure Pilot Project	This project is being designed to reduce combined sewer overflows and provide aesthetic, social and economic enhancements within the Northeast Industrial District. The design will include a wetland facility and bioretention swales.	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	February 2020	12/31/2020

Project Name	Description		t Complete through Planned Completion		CD Due Date
	COMBINED SEWER SYSTEM	Pre-Design	Design	Construction AFO	
Northeast Industrial District Ba	sin continued				
Gooseneck Arch Sewer Gates and Pump Station Improvements	The project consists of the design of an adjustable crest gate inside a new gate structure situated over the 18 ft. by 21 ft. arch sewer to provide in-line storage of combined sewer flow utilizing a real-time control (RTC) system and a new 4-MGD submersible pump station. The pump station will deliver the stored volume to the Blue River Interceptor through a new force main.	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	5% November 2019	12/31/2019
NEID Neighborhood Sewer Rehabilitation	Neighborhood sewer rehabilitation work in the Northeast Industrial District Basin consists of one (1) design project and two (2) construction packages due to the size of the basin. This project is being implemented to improve the reliability and performance of the combined sewer system and reduce basement backups. This project involves identification of sewer system defects, the preparation of construction contract documents, and the rehabilitation of manholes and sewer pipes 12-inches and smaller in diameter.	100%	<u>100%</u>	North May 2020 South May 2020	12/31/2020
Town Fork Creek Basin					
Neighborhood Sewer Rehabilitation	This project is being implemented to improve the reliability and performance of the combined sewer system and reduce basement backups. This project involves identification of sewer system defects, the preparation of construction contract documents, and the rehabilitation of manholes and sewer pipes 12-inches and smaller in diameter.	100%	100%	100%	12/31/2018
Turkey Creek/Central Industria	al District Basin				
Green Infrastructure Pilot Project	This green infrastructure pilot project is being designed to reduce combined sewer overflows and to provide aesthetic, social and economic enhancements within the Central Industrial District. The design work includes infiltration trenches, cisterns, permeable paver parking, infiltration dry wells, bioretention, and a bioretention swale.	100%	100%	July 2020	12/31/2020
Neighborhood Sewer Rehabilitation	This project is being implemented to improve the reliability and performance of the combined sewer system and reduce basement backups. Two construction contracts will be issued for rehabilitation of manholes and sewer pipes that are 12-inches and smaller in diameter.	100%	<u>90%.</u> February 2019	Area 1 July 2020 Area 2 October 2020	12/31/2021
In-Line Storage: OK Creek Gates	This project involves the design of a new sluice gate structure, with automatic control from water- level sensors upstream of the structure, to store up to 20 million gallons of combined sewer flow in the existing 17 ft. high x 18 ft. wide double-box culvert.	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	12/31/2018
Turkey Creek Basin Sewer Separation: 31st and Broadway	The project will separate approximately 35 acres of the combined sewer system and eliminate typical year overflows at outfall W006 by removing Diversion Structure 306.	<u>100%</u>	<u>15%</u> May 2020	April 2022	12/31/2022
Westside WWTP					
Westside Wastewater Treatment Plant Wet- Weather Improvements	This project involves the construction of wet weather treatment and disinfection facilities sized for 32 MGD. Facility upgrades for non-OCP work will also be completed.	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	December 2020	12/31/2020

IX. SEPARATE SEWER OVERFLOW CONTROL MEASURES – APPENDIX A

Kansas City's Separate Sanitary System (SSS) comprises nine drainage basins covering 292 square miles of the City. The four SSS basins north of the Missouri River are the Northern and Northwestern watersheds and the Line Creek/Rock Creek and Birmingham/Shoal Creek basins. The five SSS system basins south of the Missouri River are the Blue River North, Round Grove, Blue River Central, Blue River South and Little Blue River basins.

Much of the early projects and program strategy in the separate sanitary sewer basins involve reducing the amount of inflow and infiltration (I/I) entering the SSS to reduce overflows from the system. This reduction in I/I is achieved by reducing or eliminating points of direct inflow into the system and reducing infiltration through collection system defects. A combination of I/I reduction, wet-weather storage, and treatment will be utilized to address system needs as outlined in the City's Overflow Control Plan. The subsequent planned departure of Johnson County Wastewater as a wholesale customer to Kansas City, MO will eliminate the need for storage at the 87th Street pump station site in the Blue River South Basin.

Field investigation activities for the I/I reduction projects are being completed through the City's SSP Program Management Services contract and two City-wide Sewer Cleaning and Closed-Circuit Television (CCTV) Inspection contracts. The combined work consists of sewer system network characterization and manhole inspections, sewer cleaning, and CCTV inspection of sanitary sewers in the Line Creek/Rock Creek, Little Blue River, and Birmingham/Shoal Creek separate sewer system basins. For more details on the field investigations for the separate sewer systems see subsections b. – Collection Systems Operation and c. – Collection Systems Maintenance in Section XII. The status of the projects in the SSS basins is summarized in Table 2. The separate sanitary system had 16 active projects during the reporting period. Eight (8) projects were in design, and eight (8) projects were advertising for construction bids or construction was underway, or completed in 2018.

TABLE 2: PROJECT STATUS – SEPARATE SANITARY SEWER SYSTEMBASIN (THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2018)

Project Name	Description		complete through nned Completion		CD Due Date
	COMBINED SEWER SYSTEM	Pre-Design	Design	Construction AFO	
Blue River Cent	ral Basin				
I/I Reduction Area 1 and 2	The project focused on I/I reduction through rehabilitation of public sanitary sewers and manholes within the project area. There is an estimated 360,000 linear feet of sewer pipe and 1,700 manholes in the project area.	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	12/31/2018
Blue River North	n Basin				
I/I Reduction	The project focused on <i>I/I</i> reduction through rehabilitation of public sanitary sewers and manholes within the project area. There is an estimated 108,000 linear feet of sewer pipe and 440 manholes in the project area.	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	12/31/2018
Blue River South	h Basin				
I/I Reduction - Areas 1 and 2	The project focused on I/I reduction through rehabilitation of public sanitary sewers and manholes within the project area. There is an estimated 340,000 linear feet of sewer pipe and 1,400 manholes in the project area.	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	12/31/2021
I/I Reduction Area 3	The project focused on I/I reduction through rehabilitation of public sanitary sewers and manholes within the project area. There is an estimated 111,000 linear feet of sewer pipe and 450 manholes in the project area.	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	100%	12/31/2021

Project Name	Description		complete through nned Completior		CD Due Date
	COMBINED SEWER SYSTEM	Pre-Design	Design	Construction AFO	
Blue River Sou	th Basin continued				
I/I Reduction Area 4	The project will focus on I/I reduction through rehabilitation of public sanitary sewers and manholes within the project area. There is an estimated 375,000 linear feet of sewer pipe and 1,900 manholes in the project area.	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	May 2019	12/31/2021
I/I Reduction Area 5	The project will focus on I/I reduction through rehabilitation of public sanitary sewers and manholes within the project area. There is an estimated 120,000 linear feet of sewer pipe and 600 manholes in the project area.	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	May 2019	12/31/2021
Line Creek/Roo	k Creek				
I/I Reduction Area 1	The project focused on I/I reduction through rehabilitation of public sanitary sewers and manholes within the project area. There is an estimated 148,000 linear feet of sewer pipe and 680 manholes in the project area.	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	12/31/2023
I/I Reduction Area 2	The project focused on I/I reduction through rehabilitation of public sanitary sewers and manholes within the project area. There is an estimated 228,000 linear feet of sewer pipe and 1,180 manholes in the project area.	100%	100%	<u>100%</u>	12/31/2023
I/I Reduction Area 3	The project will focus on I/I reduction through rehabilitation of public sanitary sewers and manholes within the project area. There is an estimated 213,000 linear feet of sewer pipe and 1,000 manholes in the project area.	100%	<u>50%</u> October 2019	November 2022	12/31/2023
I/I Reduction Area 4	The project will focus on I/I reduction through rehabilitation of public sanitary sewers and manholes within the project area. There is an estimated 246,000 linear feet of 6-inch to 54-inch sewer pipe and 1,360 manholes in the project area.	<u>100%</u>	5% October 2020	December 2022	12/31/2023
Round Grove					
Round Grove Pump Station Rehabilitation	The project involves expansion of the Round Grove Pump Station to provide additional wet weather capacity up to a 60 MGD firm capacity. This will include new, larger pumps, new piping, and other capital improvements to accommodate the expansion and to meet building code requirements.	<u>100%</u>	<u>90%</u> March 2019	October 2020	12/31/2022
Round Grove Supplemental I/I Reduction	This project is being implemented to reduce or eliminate the need for relief sewers upstream of Round Grove Pump Station.	<u>50%</u> August 2019	November 2020	March 2022	N/A
Little Blue Rive	r				
I/I Reduction Area 1	The project will focus on I/I reduction through rehabilitation of public sanitary sewers and manholes within the project area. There is an estimated 340,000 linear feet of sewer pipe and 1,400 manholes in the project area.	<u>100%</u>	<u>50%</u> August 2019	February 2021	12/31/2021
I/I Reduction Area 2	The project will focus on I/I reduction through rehabilitation of public sanitary sewers and manholes within the project area. There is an estimated 310,000 linear feet of sewer pipe and 1,410 manholes in the project area.	100%	20% September 2019	January 2021	12/31/2021

Project Name	Description		Complete through nned Completion		CD Due Date
	COMBINED SEWER SYSTEM	Pre-Design	Design	Construction AFO	
Birmingham					
I/I Reduction Area 2	The project will focus on I/I reduction through rehabilitation of public sanitary sewers and manholes within the project area. There is an estimated 238,000 linear feet of sewer pipe and 1,200 manholes in the project area.	<u>100%</u>	5 <u>%</u> October 2020	April 2022	12/31/2023
I/I Reduction: North of the River	The project consists of field investigations, data analysis, preparation of construction contract documents, and rehabilitation of sewers, manholes and service lateral connections to achieve targeted infiltration and inflow reduction.	<u>75%</u> September 2019	April 2021	November 2022	12/31/2023
I/I Reduction Area 3	The project will focus on <i>l</i> /l reduction through rehabilitation of public sanitary sewers and manholes within the project area. There is an estimated 216,000 linear feet of sewer pipe and 975 manholes in the project area.	80% March 2019	January 2021	July 2022	12/31/2023

A. PRIVATE INFLOW/INFILTRATION REDUCTION PROGRAM

In 2018, the SSP continued to manage a Private I/I Reduction Program in conjunction with public sewer I/I reduction projects in select areas of each basin. The focus of the program is to disconnect illicit private I/I sources where it is cost-effective to remove excessive I/I flows into the sewer system. Approximately 60,000 properties are targeted for private I/I evaluation in the City's SSS.

Throughout 2018, three Design Professional firms continued to conduct building evaluations in search of illicit I/I sources on private property. Local plumbing contractors continued to perform disconnections of cost effective I/I sources identified by the Design Professionals. New pre-qualified plumbing contractors were added to the program beginning in the summer of 2018 bringing the program total to 22 plumbing contracts.

During 2018, the following had been accomplished under the City's Private I/I reduction program through voluntary participation by property owners:

- Building plumbing evaluations were attempted at approximately 9,500 private properties.
- Interior and exterior building plumbing evaluations were completed at approximately 5,000 private properties.
- Exterior-only building plumbing evaluations were completed at approximately 4,000 private properties.
- Approximately 1,000 cost-effective private I/I sources were identified at approximately 800 private properties.
- Approximately 700 property owner agreements to disconnect illicit sources were executed.
- Approximately 800 disconnection repairs were completed by plumbing contractors on private properties where I/I sources had been identified.

X. SCHEDULED ACTIVITY FOR THE NEXT REPORTING PERIOD

The activities listed below are expected to occur during the next reporting period between January 1, 2019 and June 30, 2019. This list, however, should not be interpreted as an explanation of all activities that will occur in the first half of 2019. Certain Consent Decree and OCP activities (e.g., program management, NMC, CMOM, public participation, project planning, and data management) will continue for the duration of the Consent Decree but, are not explicitly discussed in this section.

- Requests for Qualifications/Proposals for the following OCP projects are scheduled to be developed and advertised for selection of Design Professional services:
 - 15th Street Pump Station Upgrade and Sewer Separation
 - Supplemental I/I Reduction Project: Round Grove Basin
 - Private I/I Reduction Program
 - Relief Sewer: Vineyard and Lawn Street
 - Relief Sewer: Hardesty Avenue and 31st Street
 - I/I Reduction: Buckeye Creek
 - I/I Reduction: Northern Basins Project 1
 - I/I Reduction: Northern Basins Project 2
 - Relief Sewer: 45th Street
 - Dry Weather Sewer Line: Outfall 055
 - Sewer Separation: Outfall 054
- Requests for bids proposals will be advertised for selection of Construction Contractors for the following OCP projects:
 - Neighborhood Sewer Rehabilitation: Turkey Creek/CID
 - Round Grove Pump Station Rehabilitation Project
 - Diversion Structure 068 Storage Basin
 - Additional Green Infrastructure Demonstration Projects (VA, Ave Life)
 - Neighborhood Sewer Rehabilitation: Lower Blue River (Package 1)
 - Neighborhood Sewer Rehabilitation: Lower Blue River (Package 2)
 - I/I Reduction: Little Blue River Basin Project 1
 - I/I Reduction: Little Blue River Basin Project 2
- Water Services will issue a Notice to Proceed to Design Professionals or Construction Contractors for the following OCP projects:
 - Sewer Separation: 40th and Monroe (Design)
 - I/I Reduction: Middle Blue River Area 13 (Design)
 - City-Wide Sewer Infrastructure Rehabilitation within Waterways (Design/Build)
 - I/I Reduction: Birmingham Project 3 (Design)
 - Baseline Improvements: Town Fork Creek (Design)
 - Supplemental I/I Reduction Project: Round Grove Basin (Design)
 - Relief Sewer: Vineyard and Lawn Street (Design)
 - Relief Sewer: Hardesty Avenue and 31st Street (Design)
 - Private I/I Reduction Program (Design)
 - 15th Street Pump Station Upgrade and Sewer Separation (Design)
 - I/I Reduction: North of the River (Design)
 - Additional Green Infrastructure Demonstration Projects (East High School Phase 2) (Construction)
 - Green Infrastructure Pilot: Northeast Industrial District (Construction)
 - Neighborhood Sewer Rehabilitation: Turkey Creek/CID (Contract 1) (Construction)
 - Green Infrastructure Pilot: Turkey Creek/Central Industrial District (Construction)
 - Neighborhood Sewer Rehabilitation: Turkey Creek/CID (Contract 2) (Construction)
 - Additional Green Infrastructure Demonstration Projects (VA & Ave Life) (Construction)

Round Grove Pump Station Rehabilitation Project (Construction)

- Diversion Structure 068 Storage Basin (Construction)
- Neighborhood Sewer Rehabilitation: Lower Blue River (Package 1) (Construction)
- Neighborhood Sewer Rehabilitation: Lower Blue River (Package 2) (Construction)
- I/I Reduction: Little Blue River Basin Project 1 (Construction)
- Work will continue to implement the City's Private Inflow/Infiltration Reduction Program in conjunction with other I/I reduction projects in the SSS.
- Work will continue on the active OCP projects shown in Table 1 and Table 2 that were not completed in 2018.
- Flow monitoring will continue in accordance with the CSS Metering Plan approved by USEPA in December 2016.

XI. NINE MINIMUM CONTROLS – APPENDIX B

This section focuses on documenting Nine Minimum Controls (NMC) program accomplishments during the reporting period in the combined sewer system area. Table 3 identifies each of the NMCs and summarizes work accomplished during the reporting period. Accomplishments for each control measure are explained in further detail in the applicable NMC section.

TABLE 3: 2018 NMC ACCOMPLISHMENTS SUMMARY

NMC	Description	Accomplishment
1	Proper Operation and Regular Maintenance Program	 Conducted routine maintenance procedures Conducted routine inspection schedules Carried out emergency response protocol and reported 63 dry weather overflows, 19 in the CSS Inspected flow regulating structures Conducted 143 miles of CCTV inspections in the CSS Cleaned 268 miles of CSS interceptor and collection lines Received and responded to 3,382 3-1-1 Action Center calls about the City's wastewater collection system
2	Maximization of Storage in the Collection System	Completed OK Creek In-Line Gates project Began construction on Gooseneck Creek Arch Sewer Gate and Pump Station project
3	Review and Modification of Pretreatment Requirements	 Inspected 744 non-domestic FOG sources for Food Service Establishments Assessed non-domestic CSO discharge impacts Issued 41 citations for standards violations and self-reporting violations
4	Maximization of Flow to the POTW for Treatment	Contracted an In-Line Storage and Conveyance Operational Analysis study using real- time control to optimize existing system storage and capacity
5	Elimination of CSOs during Dry Weather	 Conducted 8,578 inspections of the CSS diversion structures Repaired 165 localized sewer defects in the CCS Reported 19 dry weather overflows in the CSS Reported 7 dry weather overflows from CSOs Reported 2 pump station dry weather overflows Performed routine preventative cleaning of system
6	Control of Solids and Floatable Material in CSOs	 Repaired or replaced 279 catch basins Inspected and cleaned 19,286 catch basins Conducted street sweeping of 14,951 lane miles
7	Pollution Prevention Programs to Reduce Contaminants in CSOs	 Conducted street sweeping of 14,951 lane miles Carried out Oil and Grease Management Program Conducted Solid Waste and Recycling activities Conducted Household Hazardous Waste Program Conducted Leaf and Brush Collection and Recycling Programs Collected 80,809 tons of solid waste Conducted Public Education and Outreach Programs Made 8 presentations to more than 509 citizens and stakeholders Conducted 9 public meetings with approximately 124 residents
8	Public Notification	 Provided CSO notification Distributed 8 media advisories for sewer overflows Conducted warning sign inspections
9	Monitoring to Characterize CSO Impacts and the Efficacy of CSO Controls	 Identified and mapped CSO structures and outfalls Monitored water quality Mapped the location of green infrastructure facilities constructed by SSP and WSD

A. NMC 1- PROPER OPERATION AND REGULAR MAINTENANCE PROGRAM

i. ORGANIZATION

Kansas City operates and maintains its wastewater systems through its Water Services Department. The Wastewater Line Maintenance Division and the Wastewater Treatment Division are primarily responsible for the operation and maintenance (O&M) of the City's CSS. The Stormwater Maintenance Division is responsible for street cleaning activities and replacement of catch basins in the CSS area.

The Wastewater Treatment Division is responsible for the O&M of the two wastewater treatment plants (WWTPs) within the CSS area (Blue River and Westside). Several Line Maintenance sections within the Wastewater Line Maintenance Division are responsible for the O&M of the City's CSS including:

- Sewer Investigation/CCTV Inspection Sections
- Sewer Cleaning Section
- Sewer Repair Section

ii. RESOURCES

Water Services maintains adequate personnel and capital resources to maintain O&M activities throughout the CSS. Through the end of the reporting period, Water Services had 163 staff members in the Wastewater Line Maintenance Division. In fiscal year 2018 (May 1, 2017 through April 30, 2018), the operating expenses for sewer operations were as follows:

- Wastewater Treatment and Pumping: \$35,605,983
- Sewer Maintenance: \$28,514,416
- Administration and General: \$45,569,553
- Industrial and Household Hazardous Waste: \$817,506

iii. LIST OF CRITICAL FACILITIES

Water Services maintains a list of critical CSS facilities, including diversion structures, flow splitters and outfalls. Diversion structures divert excess wet weather flow to receiving streams. Often, several diversion structures direct excess wet weather flow to the same outfall. Flow splitters are structures that divide flows within the CSS, but do not direct flow to receiving waters (one or more flow regulating structures are downstream of the flow splitting structure, upstream of the receiving waters). Attachment C contains a list of critical facilities. Inspection intervals vary from three to 30 days, depending on the history of required cleaning. If inspections reveal the interval is not adequate, it is adjusted accordingly.

Attachment C lists the identification number, location, map number, and receiving stream of the CSOs and inspection intervals.

iv. CSO SEWER MAINTENANCE MANUAL

The Wastewater Line Maintenance Division adheres to requirements outlined in the CSO Operations and Maintenance Manual, which is available in hard copy at Water Services' offices. The manual provides requirements to personnel for the proper operation and maintenance of the CSS, including:

- Routine inspection schedules
- Emergency response protocols
- Dry weather overflow reporting procedures
- Training and safety practices

v. LOG OF MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES

Water Services currently uses the Hansen computerized maintenance management system (CMMS) to log maintenance activities. The system tracks maintenance activities with work orders initiated from various sources, including customer complaints, 3-1-1 Action Center calls, and investigation activities. Work orders are prioritized based on the critical nature of the defect utilizing a system that categorizes each order into one of three levels of severity. They are closed out upon completion of the work. Work orders track parameters, including:

- Date initiated
- Initiating party
- Date completed
- Line segment
- General supervisor
- All costs, including materials
- Labor hours, including overtime
- Permitting

Table 4 shows a summary of the maintenance activities performed in the combined sewer system during the reporting period.

TABLE 4: 2018 CSS MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES

Activity	Quantity
Sewer- Main Stoppages Opened	76 work orders
Sewer- Main Repairs	165 work orders
Sewer- Manhole Repair/Resurfacing	88 work orders
Sewer- Water in the Basement	849 work orders
Sewer CCTV	103 miles
Sewer Cleaning	271 miles

vi. CLOSED CIRCUIT TELEVISION INSPECTION

The Wastewater Line Maintenance Division maintains a CCTV inspection program. The division utilizes both internal resources and contractors to perform the work.

In 2018, approximately 143 miles (744,744 LF) of CSS were televised, which exceeded the Consent Decree requirement. Documentation for mileage cleaned is stored in Hansen and verified using WinCan software.

vii. SEWER CLEANING

The Wastewater Line Maintenance Division conducts sewer cleaning activities in-house and uses outside contractors.

Water Services maintains a fleet of sewer cleaning equipment including:

- Jet trucks
- Jet-Vac trucks
- Rodding machines
- Easement machines
- Bucket machines

Local contractors are utilized for specialized cleaning services on large diameter sewers through contractual agreements. In 2018, approximately 268 miles of CSS were cleaned, which exceeded the Consent Decree requirements of 106 miles annually. This mileage is documented in Hansen.

viii. OVERFLOW AND BYPASS RESPONSE

The Wastewater Line Maintenance Division has a documented protocol to guide actions following a dry weather overflow in both the combined and separate sanitary sewer systems. When a triggering overflow is recognized, staff responds quickly to control the release of wastewater and perform appropriate cleanup tasks. This activity is documented by Wastewater Line Maintenance supervisors and reported to MDNR in accordance with the City's plan and permits. In 2018, a total of 63 dry weather overflows were reported, 19 of which were in the combined sewer system.

ix. EMERGENCY CONTACT

The City maintains a 3-1-1 Action Center for reporting collection system problems. The Action Center can be reached by calling 3-1-1 in Kansas City, Missouri, or by calling (816) 513-1313. The Action Center is staffed from 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. during the regular business week. Emergencies can be reported outside of these hours via 3-1-1, which connects to dispatch after hours. During the reporting period, 3,382 3-1-1 calls related to wastewater collection system problems were received and responded to.

Emergency contact numbers are also posted on 88 combined sewer outfall signs. Each sign identifies the outfall by number and lists the emergency contact number. The signs solicit public reports of dry weather overflows. The emergency contact number directs the caller to the 3-1-1 Action Center. More information about the signs can be found in NMC 8 later in this document.

B. NMC 2 - MAXIMIZATION OF STORAGE IN THE COLLECTION SYSTEM

i. COLLECTION SYSTEM INSPECTIONS

All CSO diversion structures and flow splitters are inspected and cleaned regularly to identify overflows, remove debris and blockages, assess the operational status of the structure, and make needed repairs. Inspection crews can readily view detailed structure information such as inspection logs, inventory sheets, schematics, profiles, and sectional views. Inspections of all diversion structures occur at intervals ranging from three to 30 days as shown in Attachment C. During the reporting period, 8,578 inspections of the CSS diversion structures were performed. Tracking logs are documented in Hansen.

ii. DIVERSION STRUCTURE MODIFICATION

Modification of diversion structures may be necessary after inspections or maintenance activities. Tracking of the modifications occurs in Hansen. Diversion Structures 6, 65, 98, 99, 101, 105, 121, and 336 were eliminated in 2018 by various OCP projects.

iii. REDUCE AND/OR ELIMINATE INFLOWS AND ENCOURAGE LOCALIZED UPSTREAM DETENTION

The City actively identifies projects with the opportunity to produce multiple benefits by integrating green solutions that reduce and/or eliminate inflows or provide localized detention. Obstacles, opportunities, and project development process recommendations will be identified upon completion of these projects so that future projects can provide greater environmental benefits. Water Services staff members continually oversee and maintain green infrastructure improvements that are their responsibility. The Green Solutions Maintenance Crew, housed in the Preventative Maintenance Division, provides routine green infrastructure maintenance services, including trimming, mulching and weeding. Water Services' Senior Landscape Architect and Landscape Technician provide inspection and assist with coordinating maintenance activities.

1. Water Services Capital Projects

In addition to the OCP green infrastructure projects, Water Services has one (1) other green infrastructure project currently in design and two (2) projects will soon be in construction through the stormwater and wastewater divisions. Construction was completed for two (2) projects during 2018.

These projects, listed in Table 5 below, are intended to reduce inflows or provide solutions for localized flooding. In addition, green infrastructure improvements are being evaluated for inclusion as part of other stormwater and wastewater projects currently in design.

As implementation of OCP continues, additional projects will be implemented that will aid in reducing and/or eliminating inflows. These projects may also contain private inflow source reduction, including the disconnection of downspouts, sump pumps, and other sources of stormwater inflow from private property.

TABLE 5: WATER SERVICES GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTSUNDER DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION (2018)

Property/Project Name	Phase	Description/Type	
89th & Lane	Bidding	Live channel bed	
Loma Vista & Eastern	Construction	Enhanced detention basins	
Cookingham-Lakeside	Complete	Green infrastructure component	
4012 & 4016 Cleveland Ave	Design/ROW Potential undetermined green infrastructure component		
7900-8100 Olive	Complete	Live channel bed	

2. Other City-Wide Green Infrastructure Efforts

Outside of Water Services, implementation of green infrastructure projects occurs in three primary ways: 1) through City capital project enhancements; 2) required private installations; and 3) voluntary private installations.

iv. UPGRADE/ADJUST PUMP OPERATIONS AT INTERCEPTOR LIFT STATIONS

Seven pump stations are located within the boundaries of Kansas City's CSS and operated and maintained by the Wastewater Treatment Division. Four pump stations (Turkey Creek, Santa Fe, Northeast Industrial District (NEID), and Blue River) function as primary pump stations to convey flow to the Blue River and Westside Wastewater Treatment Plants (WWTPs). Two of these stations, Blue River and NEID, are located at the Blue River Primary WWTP. These pump stations are operated according to the Wet Weather Operating Plan defined in NMC 4 during wet weather events and are periodically updated.

Flow control management includes provisions for additional system storage and selected sewer/storm water separation upstream of these stations to reduce overflow frequency. Two small pump stations in the CSS (12th and 15th Street stations) are operated to maximize storage in the upstream system during wet weather.

In 2018, various design and construction was initiated, continued, or completed at pump stations, force mains, and pipelines including the new Gooseneck Pump Station, Turkey Creek Pump Station's OK Creek Gate Structure, Round Grove Pump Station, Westside Wastewater Treatment Plant capacity maximization, 15th Street Pump Station, and the new Chouteau Pump Station.

Continuous improvements are made to existing systems at all plants and stations as part of routine maintenance and capital upgrades and repairs. This enables continued reliability of system components during events requiring flow maximization.

v. REMOVAL OF OBSTRUCTIONS TO FLOW

Cleaning of existing interceptors to maintain available conveyance and storage capacity is a standard procedure performed by the Wastewater Preventative Maintenance Division. The division utilizes its crews and external contract cleaning crews on an as-needed basis to remove and prevent accumulation of debris and sediment that restrict the flow. This information is tracked in the computerized maintenance management system.

C. NMC 3 - REVIEW AND MODIFICATION OF PRETREATMENT REQUIREMENTS

The Regulatory Compliance Division regulates non-domestic discharges. The division is responsible for implementing and enforcing Chapter 60, Article IV of the Kansas City Code of Ordinances and several city-wide programs, including:

- Federal Pretreatment Program
- Surcharge Program for high-strength wastewaters
- Oil and Grease Management Program
- Annual review of pretreatment requirements

These activities incorporate the following control measures:

- Inventory non-domestic CSS discharges: Identification of significant industrial users (SIUs).
- Assess non-domestic CSO discharges: Implementation of the surcharge program to evaluate the impact of non-domestic wastewater.
- Evaluate feasible modifications: Periodic review of pretreatment requirements as necessary. No pretreatment requirements were modified in 2018.

i. FEDERAL PRETREATMENT PROGRAM

The Regulatory Compliance Division's administration of the Federal Pretreatment Program is subject to regular review by MDNR and the USEPA, Region VII. An annual report of the City's Pretreatment Program activities is filed with MDNR in March of each year. The 2017 Industrial Pretreatment Program Annual Report was submitted to the MDNR on March 27, 2018, and can be found in Attachment B.

The report includes the following information:

- Companies in significant non-compliance
- Inter-jurisdictional agreement status
- Permit activity
- Annual enforcement log
- Notices of violations

The Regulatory Compliance Division identifies the regulated discharge flow volume, potential pollutants of concern, drainage basins, and the pump station(s) serving each SIU. During the reporting period, there were 67 SIUs permitted under the program. Each SIU is inspected annually and monitored periodically for compliance with its wastewater discharge permit conditions.

ii. SURCHARGE PROGRAM

The Surcharge Program levies a surcharge fee for biological oxygen demand (BOD), total suspended solids (TSS), and/or fat, oil and grease (FOG) concentrations above that in "normal sewage" as defined in Chapter 60 of the City's Code of Ordinances. Food handling operations, such as restaurants, are most affected by this ordinance. The surcharge program also makes SIUs aware of the effects their discharge has on the sewer system and encourages them to reduce their waste discharge through modifications or improved housekeeping procedures.

iii. OIL AND GREASE MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

The Oil and Grease Management Program, through training, outreach, inspections, and enforcement, encourages non-domestic sources to limit the discharge of fats, oils and grease (FOG) into the sanitary sewer system. The primary non-domestic sources of FOG discharges are restaurants.

Water Services' Regulatory Compliance Division completes inspections of grease traps at food handling facilities. At the time of the inspections, facility personnel are informed about ordinance requirements regarding FOG discharges; if requirements are not met, there is a potential for enforcement actions. During the inspection, the inspector reviews cleaning records, outlines oil and grease best management practices, and may perform a sink test to determine if the lines are clogged with FOG. If a FOG issue is discovered during the inspection, the inspector will suggest one of the following maintenance improvement options:

- Shorter cleaning cycles
- Replacement of grease traps with grease interceptors

In 2018, there were 725 food service establishment inspections. There were no enforcement actions taken because of these inspections.

iv. REVIEW OF PRETREATMENT REQUIREMENTS

Every year, the Regulatory Compliance Division reviews the pretreatment program to determine whether changes are warranted. Economic and environmental impacts are considered when evaluating potential changes. These include an assessment of the non-domestic discharges to the CSS. In 2018, no changes to the pretreatment program were made.

D. NMC 4 - MAXIMIZATION OF FLOW TO THE POTW FOR TREATMENT

i. WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT (WWTP) PERFORMANCE AND FLOW CAPACITIES

Capacity studies were performed for both the Blue River WWTP and Westside WWTP in 2006.¹ Plant stress tests were also performed on both plants.² The studies compared flows processed during wet weather and dry periods to determine the relationship between performance and flow.

Field stress testing results at the Blue River WWTP indicate the maximum wet weather plant capacity ultimately is limited by secondary treatment capacity of 156 MGD, although actual practice indicates this as a maximum treatment capability. Current Blue River NPDES permitting identifies 120 MGD as the maximum treatment capability. Stress testing has confirmed that 40 MGD is the peak capacity the Westside WWTP can process without affecting process performance. Future plans include converting the secondary treatment system consisting of fixed film media components to activated sludge when necessitated by future regulatory requirements. This will also likely include optimizing wet weather capacity and treatment. Future design will incorporate the ability to manage periodic wet weather flows without adversely affecting future secondary activated sludge NPDES treatment limits.

ii. WET WEATHER OPERATING GUIDELINES FOR WWTPs

1. Blue River WWTP

The Wet Weather Operating Guidelines for the Blue River WWTP summarize the operating procedures at the facility during wet weather events. The guidelines specify that the Blue River WWTP processes combined (primary plus secondary) wastewater only to the maximum capacity of the secondary treatment plant.

The operating guidelines indicate that the secondary treatment plant has a design capacity of 105 MGD and a total capacity of 140 MGD. The primary treatment capacity of 220 MGD is not achievable due to the capacity limitation of secondary treatment.

2. Westside WWTP

The Wet Weather Operating Guidelines summarize the procedure for operations at the facility during wet weather events. The guidelines provide the following recommended conveyance rates for wet weather pump stations:

- Turkey Creek PS 11.4 MGD
- Santa Fe PS 4.5 MGD
- Line Creek PS 8 MGD

As improvements to the Turkey Creek Pump Station and wet weather facilities for the Westside WWTP are completed, Water Services will reevaluate the pumping rates and peaking factors from these three lift stations during wet weather to determine how much additional flow can be pumped and handled at the Westside WWTP.

1 The Blue River Wastewater Treatment Plant Capacity Study dated March 2, 2006, and the Westside Wastewater Treatment Plant Capacity Study dated April 6, 2006.

2 Technical memorandums titled Blue River Wastewater Treatment Plant Stress Test Report dated August 2008 and Westside Wastewater Treatment Plant Stress Test Report dated December 2007.

E. NMC 5 - ELIMINATION OF CSOS DURING DRY WEATHER

The Wastewater Preventative Maintenance and Wastewater Treatment Divisions actively work to identify and eliminate opportunities for dry weather overflows (DWO). The measures taken include:

- Routine preventative cleaning of the combined sewer system
- Inspection to identify dry weather overflows
- Correction of primary causes of dry weather overflows
- Notification to MDNR when a dry weather overflow occurs

i. FLOW REGULATING STRUCTURE INSPECTION

Flow regulating structures in the CSS include diversion structures and flow splitters. Routinely, these structures are inspected to verify proper functioning. Diversion structures direct excess wet weather flows to receiving waters. The inspection interval varies for each structure and is based on historical records of performance and the sensitivity of the area surrounding the structure. Flow splitters are structures that divide flows within the CSS, but do not direct flow to receiving waters. Attachment C of this report lists the inspection intervals completed for each diversion structure and flow splitter in the CSS.

ii. DRY WEATHER OVERFLOW CORRECTIVE ACTION

Water Services implements dry weather overflow (DWO) corrective actions to address operational problems believed to be the cause of overflows. The corrective actions include activity such as interceptor cleaning and line repair, equipment repair and replacement, changes in operational procedures, and identification of issues that require further evaluation.

The Wastewater Preventative Maintenance Division's sewer repair program is responsible for repairing localized sewer defects linked to the occurrence of DWOs. Jet vacuum cleaning units remove materials that may restrict flow leading to blockages and DWOs at upstream locations. This action is taken immediately, as is practical, upon notification that a DWO has occurred.

iii. DRY WEATHER OVERFLOW NOTIFICATION

The Wastewater Preventative Maintenance Division notifies MDNR within 24 hours of discovery of a DWO. Follow-up written reports are completed within five days of ending the overflow. In all occurrences, the area around the overflow is inspected and cleaned for any debris or contaminants in accordance with best management practices for such events. If vandalism causes a DWO, the standard manhole covers are replaced with bolt-down covers to deter future vandalism. In 2018, 19 dry weather overflows in the CSS were reported to MDNR, six (7) of which were from combined sewer outfalls.

The Wastewater Treatment Division notifies MDNR of DWOs that occur at either pump stations or treatment plants within 24 hours of discovery. Within five days of the occurrence, a follow-up written report is submitted to MDNR.

In 2018, dry weather overflows occurred on the following days and facilities:

- 87th Street Pump Station
 - February 23, 2018
 - March 26, 2018
- Lake Waukomis
 - July 10, 2018
- Burlington Creek
- August 2, 2018
- Blue River Secondary
 - May 9, 2018
 - October 8, 2018
- Pied Creek
 - November 23, 2018

F. NMC 6 - CONTROL OF SOLIDS AND FLOATABLE MATERIAL IN CSOS

i. PREVENTING EXTRANEOUS SOLIDS AND FLOATABLES FROM ENTERING THE CSS

Water Services and other City departments employ various measures that minimize extraneous solids and floatables from entering the CSS, including:

- Street Sweeping Water Services sweeps streets on a routine schedule to reduce trash, silt and other debris. During 2018, Water Services swept a total of 14,951 lane miles, including 9,040 lanes miles in the combined sewer system area and 5,911 lane miles in the separate sewer system areas. The schedule for street sweeping runs from January 1 through December 31 each year; by the end of that time, street sweeping will have been conducted twice annually on all streets with curbs within the CSS area and once annually within the SSS area.
- Repair and Clean Catch Basins To maintain the proper function of stormwater inlets, the Stormwater Line Maintenance Division performs catch basin cleaning and repairs through its Catch Basin Replacement Program. This information is stored and tracked in Hansen. In 2018, 19,286 catch basins were inspected and cleaned and 279 were repaired or replaced.
- Construction Site Erosion Control Soil erosion from construction activity can increase the quantity of turbidity, nutrients, metals and sediment in the sewer system and receiving waters. Sedimentation problems can potentially reduce the hydraulic capacity of sewer lines, leading to overflows. The implementation and enforcement of erosion control regulations can be an extremely effective method of reducing these constituents in the CSS. In 2018, the Stormwater Utility Division inspected 32 Citycontracted construction sites that were one acre or larger in size for compliance with stormwater erosion control regulations. Construction work is required to conform to City engineering and construction standards for all public or private work.

G. NMC 7 - POLLUTION PREVENTION PROGRAMS TO REDUCE CONTAMINANTS IN CSOS

Kansas City has a long-standing record of implementing pollution prevention measures and providing pollution prevention options to residents. The City continues to implement the following measures to help reduce pollution entering the combined sewer system and, in turn, rivers and streams:

- Street sweeping (See NMC 6)
- Oil and Grease Management Program (See NMC 3)
- Solid Waste and Recycling
- Household Hazardous Waste Program
- Leaf and Brush Collection and Recycling
- Public Education and Outreach Programs

i. SOLID WASTE AND RECYCLING

Kansas City offers curbside pickup of solid waste, recycling, and bulky items to give residents a convenient way to dispose of unwanted waste and, ultimately, reduce illegal dumping. The City also manages three drop-off recycling centers used by businesses and residents of multi-family dwellings who may not have curbside recycling options available. In addition to these programs, the City also provides services for cleanup of illegal dump sites, a drop-off facility for waste tires, and reduced-cost dumpsters for neighborhood cleanups. The total amount of solid waste collected through City programs in 2018 is listed in Table 6.

Waste	Quantity	
Solid Waste	80,809 Tons	
Recycling – Curbside	18,150 Tons	
Recycling – Recycling Centers	765 Tons	
Bulky Items	7,215 Tons	
Leaf and Brush	3,750 Tons	
Waste Tires	11,715 Tires	
Household Hazardous Waste	823 Tons	
Illegal Dumping Collected	3,501 Tons	
TOTAL	126,728 Tons	

ii. HOUSEHOLD HAZARDOUS WASTE PROGRAM

The Household Hazardous Waste (HHW) program is hosted by Water Services and consists of two subprograms: an HHW drop-off facility and HHW mobile collection events. In 2018, the program served 58 communities, including Kansas City, from five counties in the region.

The HHW drop-off facility acts as a central location for providing a cooperative regional collection system for Missouri communities in the Kansas City metropolitan area. The facility accepts various types of residential hazardous waste, such as automotive fluids, batteries, household cleaners, pesticides, herbicides, fertilizers and paint. It is open to the public on Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays year-round, except City-observed holidays and the last two weeks of December.

The Swap Shop is an ancillary facility of the drop-off facility where certain materials in good condition (such as paint) can be distributed and reused instead of being disposed. Operational hours for the Swap Shop are Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Saturdays from 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m.; and Thursdays and Fridays from 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. Drop-off of household hazardous waste from participating communities occurs on Thursdays and Fridays and Fridays between 9:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m., and Saturdays from 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m.

Mobile events throughout the City and the region provide convenient opportunities for proper disposal of HHW. These events typically occur on Saturdays from April 1 through October 31 and can be held in any city or county participating in the regional HHW program. The program provides a viable alternative to improper disposal of HHW in landfills, storm sewers, or sanitary sewer facilities. A total of 3,013 vehicles were served at the mobile events in 2018.

In 2018, the program collected a total of 1,645,765 pounds (823 Tons) of HHW materials, including 804,840 pounds coming from Kansas City residents.

iii. LEAF AND BRUSH COLLECTION AND RECYCLING

The Leaf and Brush Recycling Program is a collaborative effort between Water Services and the City's Public Works Department. Water Services is responsible for the collection of curbside leaf and brush, and the Public Works Department runs the drop-off facilities. Water Services collects leaf and brush from residents three times a year, once in the spring and twice in the fall, on regularly-scheduled trash pickup days at no charge. Residents are also allowed to drop off leaf and brush waste at the drop-off facility.

The leaf and brush collected are composted or mulched by a local company and made available to residents for free or for a small fee. Removal of excess leaf and brush from residences curtails illegal dumping of these materials down storm drains and into local creeks, streams and rivers. During the reporting period, 3,750 tons of leaf and brush materials were collected and recycled.

iv. PUBLIC EDUCATION AND OUTREACH PROGRAMS

Water Services provides additional outreach and education to encourage residents and business owners to minimize or eliminate contaminants from entering the sewer system. Descriptions of outreach and education initiatives, including those that are part of the City's Overflow Control Program, are provided below.

1. Presentations, Conferences, and Tours

During the reporting period, eight presentations were made to more than 509 citizens and stakeholders about overflow control measures, wastewater and water quality. The presentations included groups such as professional associations, metropolitan planning and non-governmental organizations, schools and neighborhood groups. The following is a listing of the organizations and presentations given during the reporting period:

- UMKC Water Sustainability in KC: February 27, 2018
- Pembroke Hill Water Quality: April 16, 2018
- Community Engagement University: April 24, 2018
- i-Build Expo: May 3, 2018
- MWEA Stormwater Conference: September 10, 2018
- UMKC Water Quality Overview: September 12, 2018
- Community Engagement University: October 16, 2018
- Water Services offers educational tours of the Swope Campus Parking lot to interested groups. A total of 5 tours were conducted in 2018, reaching 120 people. These tours included a work day with students from the Marlborough Green Guard, where students assisted with a litter pickup in the nearby Swope/Elmwood neighborhood after their tour was completed.

2. Public Meetings

Table 7 displays information about the public meetings held in 2018 in support of OCP projects. A total of nine public meetings were held for OCP projects with approximately 124 residents in attendance. The public meetings listed below were held throughout the community, not just in the combined sewer system area.

TABLE 7: OCP PROJECT PUBLIC MEETING INFORMATION (2018)

Date	Project	Meeting Purpose	No. of Attendees
February 8, 2018	Brush Creek Area 1 East NSR	Project Update	13
February 21, 2018	I/I Reduction Blue River South Areas 4 & 5	Project Update	8
February 26, 2018	Outfalls 066 & 067 Sewer Separation and Water Main Replacement	Project Update	19
March 6, 2018	Brush Creek Area 2 NSR	Project Update	28
March 8, 2018	Brush Creek Area 2 I/I	Project Update	36
April 5, 2018	Brush Creek Area 1 West NSR	Project Update	5
May 17, 2018	Northeast Industrial District Green Infrastructure Project	Project Update	4
June 13, 2018	Westside WWTP Facility Plan	Project Update	0
December 11, 2018	Northeast Area and Gooseneck Creek South NSR	Project Update	11

In addition to the nine public meetings pertaining to project information and program updates, outreach and scheduling events were also held in support of Kansas City's voluntary Private Inflow and Infiltration Program, Keep out the Rain. Table 8 displays information pertaining to these outreach efforts which total seven scheduling events with 199 attendees. These public scheduling events are listed separately because they are part of a larger, coordinated outreach effort for the City's Keep Out the Rain Program.

TABLE 8: PUBLIC MEETING INFORMATION (2018)

Date	Project	Meeting Purpose	No. of Attendees
January 23, 2018	Keep Out the Rain	Scheduling Event	1
January 23, 2018	Keep Out the Rain	Scheduling Event	10
February 6, 2018	Keep Out the Rain	Scheduling Event	10
March 21, 2018	Keep Out the Rain	Scheduling Event	45
April 16, 2018	Keep Out the Rain	Scheduling Event	65
August 14, 2018	Keep Out the Rain	Scheduling Event	50
September 1, 2018	Keep Out the Rain	Scheduling Event	18
TOTAL			199

3. Other Outreach

During the reporting period, the City of Kansas City, Missouri continued to add OCP project information online. The City's website (www.kcmo.gov/smartsewer) provides general information about the Overflow Control Program, current projects and fact sheets. The fact sheets provide citizens information about each active OCP project, including what they should expect, why the project is being completed, and who they should contact with questions.

v. KC GREEN TEAM

In 2008, four KC Green Teams were created under Administrative Regulation 5-5 Green Solutions and Sustainability: Education and Outreach, Green Infrastructure, Regulation and Policy, and Resource Management. To effectively execute the mission of each team, City staff members from various departments volunteer their time.

1. Education and Outreach Team

The Education and Outreach Team (EOT) organizes a variety of events and activities to educate City staff and residents about green solutions and sustainability within City operations and the City as a whole. For Earth Day, April 22, 2018, the EOT held a pledge to recycle and handed out recycling information at City Hall, Water Services, Parks, and the Health Department. Employees who pledged to recycle, both at home and at work, received a KC Green reusable shopping bag. In addition, EOT members from Water and Parks partnered for the 3rd annual Trash Bash. The Friday before Earth Day, 43 employees removed 1,960 pounds of trash and 18 tires from the neighborhood surrounding the Swope Campus, where Water and Parks are headquartered.

2. Green Infrastructure Team

The Green Infrastructure Team focuses on identifying, tracking, and supporting green infrastructure capital projects in Kansas City. In 2018, the team provided input and review for the City's Green Stormwater Infrastructure (GSI) Manual and GSI Story Map. Additionally, the team maintained a list of city-built GSI projects.

vi. STORMWATER: FROM KC TO THE SEA

Since 2010, Water Services has worked to educate local 4th through 6th grade students via a curriculum titled Stormwater: From KC to the Sea. The five-day interactive curriculum teaches students how precipitation moves through a watershed, how stormwater becomes polluted, and how BMPs implemented on public and private property could improve water quality and reduce the quantity of stormwater entering the sewer system. During 2018, the curriculum saw another record breaking year with 5,042 students from 54 schools throughout the Kansas City metro area participating in the program.

vii. WE KC (WATER EDUCATION FOR KANSAS CITY)

In 2016, Water Services launched the WE KC Program to expand the school age education program beyond Stormwater: From KC to the Sea. Through WE KC, Water Services will empower youth organizations and after-school groups to make good water quality choices for their future through hands-on learning and facilitation of stewardship projects. The program provides the technical assistance, hands-on learning tools, and supplies groups need to implement their own water education programs. Through WE KC in 2018, Water Services assisted 101 groups and schools with water quality related events and educational programs, reaching 5,487 people.

viii. REGIONAL WATER QUALITY EDUCATION PROGRAM (RWQEP)

Water Services is one of the 23 local governmental organizations that contribute funding and staff time to a Regional Water Quality Education Program (RWQEP) sponsored by Mid-America Regional Council (MARC). RWQEP allows metro area cities to pool resources and provides a regional approach to raising public awareness about water quality issues affecting Kansas City for the benefit of both MS4 and combined sewer cities.

During the past 14 years, the program has addressed several top NPS pollution issues facing our region. The program's theme — "Clean Water. Healthy Life."— focuses on changing behaviors to improve water quality, community health and quality of life. Each year, the Regional Water Quality Education Committee (WQEC), with MARC staff support, develops an NPS pollution-focused message that supports the program's theme and determines the most effective means for disseminating the message. The committee's education and outreach activities vary each year but typically consist of a media campaign, a mini-grant program, training, and education and outreach materials.

In 2018, The program developed a new database of homeowner and neighborhood association organizations to more directly engage citizens with information about how to prevent stormwater runoff and pollution in their communities. In November, an email blast sharing ways to improve water quality in neighborhoods reached more than 500 homeowner and neighborhood associations. The messaging also informed readers about WQEC's mini-grant program, and featured a new animated video addressing litter, starring the water quality droplet character. The new animation was produced in 2018, diving deeper into the issue of littering with a vintage video game theme.

ix. PARTNERSHIPS IN PUBLIC OUTREACH TABLING EVENTS

Water Services partnered with various schools and municipalities to host or participate in tabling events that raised awareness of water quality issues and promoted Science, Technology, Engineering and Math (STEM) education in the Kansas City region. Water Services tables used a combination of stormwater "Plinko", the stormwater frame, aquatic macroinvertebrates, watershed models, and BMP bean bag tosses to get students and families interested in the science and math of water quality. The following tabling events reached a total of 1,148 people during the reporting period.

- STEM in the Gym at Prairie Branch Elementary February 13, 2018
- STEM in the Gym at Sni-A-Bar Elementary March 15, 2018
- Missouri River Watershed Festival March 23, 2018
- Academie Lafayette STEAM Night March 28, 2018
- Graden Science Night April 5, 2018
- Briarfest June 23, 2018
- Splash and Bubbles August 4, 2018
- Mayor Sly's Rock the Block August 11, 2018
- STEM Fest September 23, 2018

WATER QUALITY SMALL GRANT PROGRAM

In 2016, Water Services launched the Water Quality Small Grant Program to support local non-profits in projects and activities related to water quality protection, improvement, and education within the city limits of Kansas City, Missouri. This grant process will help streamline reporting procedures for those organizations WSD already supports, and increase capacity for water quality education partnerships in groups with which it has not previously worked. In 2018, Water Services did not host a small grant program in order to more closely align grant awards with similar grant programs in the region and allow time for grantees to finish up projects that spanned over fiscal years. The next grant round will begin in January of 2019.

The following organizations received grant funding through the 2017 Water Quality Small Grant Program, but had projects that did not occur until 2018.

Friends of Kaw Point Park

In 2016, in a partnership that crosses the state line, Water Services funded the Kansas City, Kansas. based Friends of Kaw Point Park to set up a "hydro caching" project in Kansas City, Missouri. This project, which was designed to draw the geocaching audience into water quality, involved setting up 20 geocaches along local waterways and near constructed BMPs. Once the cache is discovered, the participant will view an information card on the BMP or complete simple water quality tests on the

waterbody. Friends of Kaw Point Park continued this grant through 2018 with the addition of 10 caches and maintenance of the existing 20 caches. By the end of 2018, the caches had been logged a total of 556 times.

This grant also included teaching 16 "From Runoff to Rivers" classes in local middle and high schools. This curriculum will provide students and adults in KCMO with hands-on experiences to learn how stormwater pollution impacts water quality which may impact public health in their community. Fourteen of these classes were taught in 2018 reaching a total of 336 students in nine schools.

Healthy Rivers Partnership/ Little Blue River Watershed Coalition

Project Blue River Rescue

Project Blue River Rescue is an outreach event put on by Healthy Rivers Partnership and hosted by the Friends of Lakeside Nature Center, which is operated by the City's Parks and Recreation Department. The event is sponsored by MDC and MDNR through the Missouri Stream Team Program and supported by many local governmental entities and businesses. The City's Parks and Recreation, Public Works, and Water Services Departments continue to provide facilities, volunteers, equipment, expertise, and assistance with program coordination.

On April 7, 2018, approximately 500 volunteers participated in this event. Nearly 40 tons of trash and approximately 800 used tires were collected and disposed of or recycled. In addition to trash removal, groups removed invasive honeysuckle from three acres and planted 500 native trees and shrubs along the Blue River.

Little Blue River Watershed Coalition

Blue at the Zoo

Blue at the Zoo educates scouts and their accompanying adults about the adverse impacts of stormwater runoff and water pollution through 11 different booths. Using hands-on learning opportunities, exhibits, and displays presented by agency, corporate, and municipal partners and outdoor educators, approximately 300 participants learned about watersheds, water pollution, and stream life and habitat — from the bugs and fish in the stream to the snakes, turtles and raptors that live in the riparian corridor. Blue at the Zoo occurred on April 21, 2018.

Missouri River Watershed Festival

Through 2017 grant funds, Water Services funded the 2018 Missouri River Watershed Festival. This festival is held each year at Lakeside Nature Center and draws school groups from the metro area. Subjects addressed at the Festival include: rivers, watersheds, non-point source pollution, aquatic ecology, water quality, stormwater, solid waste and recycling, wildlife of all kinds, bottomland ecology, Stream Teams, and the natural history of the local site, as well as the Missouri River. On March 23, 2018, 229 students and associated teachers and chaperones were educated about the adverse effects of stormwater runoff through 18 exhibits.

StoneLion Puppet Theatre

StoneLion Puppet Theatre (SPT) is dedicated to expanding environmental education through the art of puppetry. SPT received a grant spanning 2017 and 2018 to perform one of three water qualitybased puppet shows at 25 Kansas City public, private, and charter schools. The first show, "The Little Red Hen's Garden," focused on the effect of pesticides, herbicides, and fertilizers on waterways. The second show, "Down the Drain," followed trash from the street to a stream and eventually to the ocean. The final show, "Reflections", introduces the impact of non-point source pollution (specifically plastic trash) on the land and the water. During 2018, StoneLion held 21 school assembly puppet shows reaching a total of 4,252 Kansas City area students.

StoneLion also received funding to hold Illuminated Waters, a two-day, community water festival that included local artists, social, and environmental groups at interactive booths teaching about the value of water. Each night culminated with a giant puppet show version of "Reflections" and a Water Glo Party featuring giant constructed sea life portrayed under blacklight. Approximately 7000 people attended the festival, which occurred on May 25 and 26, 2018.

H. NMC 8 - PUBLIC NOTIFICATION

i. COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW PUBLIC NOTIFICATION PLAN

The City recognizes the need to notify the public when a CSO occurs and has developed a notification plan. The purpose of the plan is to inform and educate the public of potential overflows in the urban waterways during and following storm events. The goals of the public notification program are to:

- Notify citizens when overflows are likely to occur
- Educate the public about the potential health impacts associated with overflows in waterways
- Educate the public about the potential danger and health impacts of high waters in waterways during heavy rainstorms
- Enable citizens to take appropriate steps to protect themselves and their families from such hazards

Water Services utilizes these methods to inform the public of the potential for CSOs:

- Signs Two types of warning signs have been installed to notify citizens of the hazards of CSOs. The first type, a Pedestrian Warning Sign (PWS), has been posted at public access points to streams. It notifies citizens that the streams receive CSOs and to avoid contact with the water during and 72 hours after rainfall. For more information, citizens are encouraged to call the OCP information line that is staffed by Water Services employees. The process of replacing and relocating PWS signs began in late 2014 and was completed in 2015. After completion of sign replacement and relocation, there are 107 PWS locations. The second type of warning sign is posted at all outfall locations. The sign warns citizens to avoid contact with water and displays the City's 3-1-1 Action Center phone number, so they can report dry weather overflows. The signs are printed in English and Spanish and are readable from approximately 20 feet. The Wastewater Line Maintenance Division is responsible for inspecting and maintaining the signs. Signs are inspected during overflow events and through routine inspections.
- Media Advisories When a sewer overflow occurs during the recreation season, Water Services Communications distributes a media advisory to local media outlets. In 2018, eight (8) advisories were distributed.
- Website In addition to providing notification directly to media outlets, the media advisories are also
 posted on the KC Water Services website at <u>www.kcwaterservices.org/news</u>

I. NMC 9 - MONITORING TO CHARACTERIZE CSO IMPACTS AND THE EFFICACY OF CSO CONTROLS

The following sections summarize what has been completed to aid the City in assessing the effectiveness of the NMC and the control measures described in the Overflow Control Plan.

i. MAPPING CSS DRAINAGE AREA DIVERSION STRUCTURES AND OUTFALLS

All CSS drainage areas have been mapped, and all diversion structures are inspected. As needed, maps are updated to include any changes to the diversion structures. Figure 1³ includes all the current outfalls and diversion structures. Eight (8) diversion structures were eliminated in 2018 and removed from this figure.

ii. RECEIVING WATER BODIES AND DESIGNATED USES

Kansas City's combined sewers overflow to numerous receiving streams. Primary receiving streams include the Kansas River, Missouri River, Blue River and Brush Creek. Town Fork Creek is a tributary to Brush Creek. Brush Creek is tributary to the Blue River, which is tributary to the Missouri River. The Missouri River at the Broadway Bridge in Kansas City drains a total of 484,100 square miles. That area includes 59,756 square miles of tributary to the Kansas River at De Soto, Kansas (approximately 30 miles upstream of the confluence of the Missouri River and Kansas River). All of Kansas City's CSS basins are eventually tributary to the Missouri River, though they represent only 0.01 percent of the total Missouri River tributary area at Kansas City. The Downtown Airport, Central Industrial District, and the Northeast Industrial District are each directly tributary to the Missouri River. The Turkey Creek basin is the only Kansas City CSS basin tributary to the Kansas River. The remaining CSS basins in Kansas City — Lower Blue River, Brush Creek, Town Fork Creek, and Middle Blue River — are tributary to the Blue River.

Figure 2 shows streams that receive overflows from Kansas City's CSS and indicates the current recreational water quality standard designated by the State of Missouri, or by the State of Kansas for the Kansas River. As of October 16, 2017, the Brush Creek and Town Fork Creek classifications were updated to Primary Contact recreational use, Whole Body Contact Class B. This figure defines in blue the CSS area directly tributary to the Missouri River, including those areas tributary via the Kansas River. It also shows all areas tributary to the Blue River. The map distinguishes between those tributary areas upstream of Kansas City's CSOs, such as upstream of the points marked with red stars, and areas directly tributary to those stream reaches that receive CSOs. Within the Blue River basin, areas directly tributary to those stream reaches that receive CSOs include both CSS, shown in yellow, and SSS, shown in green.

Of the total area tributary to the Blue River, 74 percent is located upstream of those reaches of the Blue River, and its tributaries are impacted by overflows from Kansas City's CSS. Kansas City's CSS serves 10 percent of the total area tributary to the Blue River. The remaining 16 percent of the Blue River tributary area is served by separate storm and sanitary sewer systems in Kansas City.

iii. DEVELOPMENT OF OVERFLOW OCCURRENCE ESTIMATES

The current performance of the CSS was estimated using computer models developed as part of the Overflow Control Plan. Water Services calibrated the models for sewer flow meter and rainfall data. The estimated overflow volume from Kansas City's CSS in a typical year is just over six billion gallons.

Overflow frequency varies significantly, both within the individual basins and across the City. The estimated average overflow frequency at the 87 outfalls south of the Missouri River is more than 20 times in a typical year. A complete summary of the overflow frequency, volume, and duration for each outfall is found in the supporting documentation included in the Overflow Control Plan.

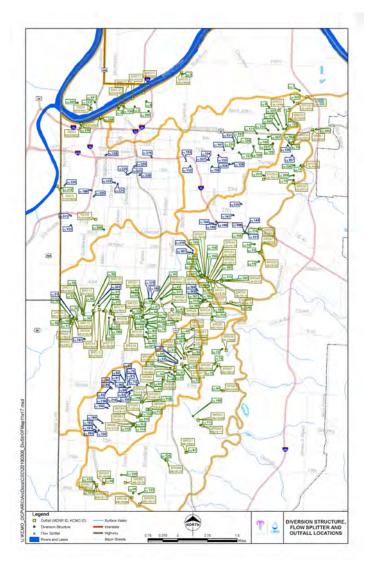
iv. GENERAL DEVELOPMENT OF A LONG-TERM MONITORING PLAN FOR THE OVERFLOW CONTROL PROGRAM

The City is implementing a Water Quality Monitoring Program (WQMP)⁴ that was developed to address the requirements of Section II, Water Quality Monitoring Plan of the Post-Construction Monitoring Program Performance Criteria, included as Appendix D of the Consent Decree. The WQMP is being implemented City-wide and addresses water quality in both the CSS and SSS areas. Summary results from the WQMP for 2018 as shown in Table 9 in Appendix D of this report.

3 Figure 1 and Figure 2 were originally included in the October 2008 report entitled "Capacity, Management, Operations and Maintenance Plan (CMOM) and Nine Minimum Controls".

4 Dated December 28, 2010

FIGURE 1: DIVERSION STRUCTURE, FLOW SPLITTER, AND OUTFALL LOCATIONS



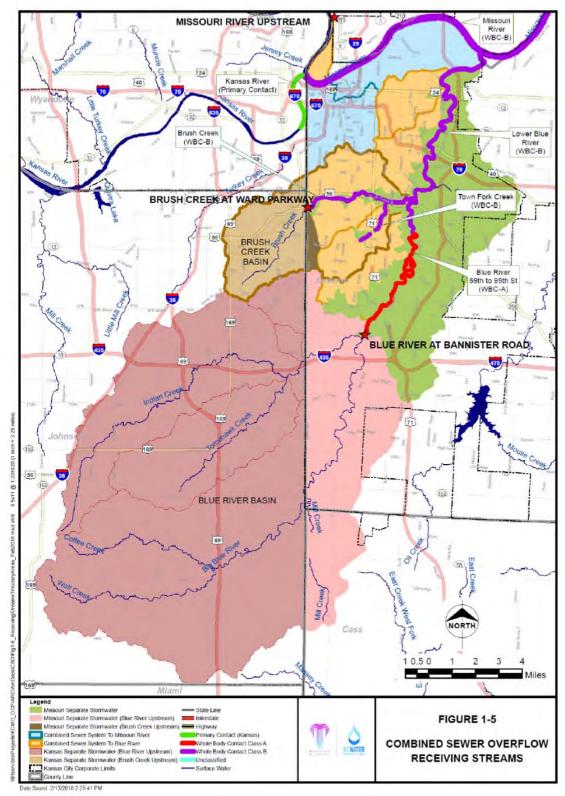


FIGURE 2: COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW RECEIVING STREAMS

XII. CAPACITY, MANAGEMENT, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PLAN PERFORMANCE CRITERIA – APPENDIX C

The following information is a summary of activities conducted during the reporting period to demonstrate compliance with the Capacity, Management, Operation and Maintenance (CMOM) program. This program aims at improving the ability of the utility to manage its separate sewer system and ultimately reduce the occurrence of sewer overflows and maintain compliance.

A. COLLECTION SYSTEM MANAGEMENT

i. ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

Water Services' organizational structure delineates job responsibilities, outlines opportunities for advancement, ensures effective employee to supervisor ratios, and guarantees adequate staff is in place to accomplish the mission and vision of the department. This structure is used during the annual budget process to determine staffing needs and allocate operational expenses appropriately. Water Services maintains job descriptions and organizational charts, effectively communicates job responsibilities to staff, and acquires and maintains the level of skills and abilities necessary to support the business needs of the organization.

Hiring for all vacant positions is handled through Water Services' Human Resources Division. Positions are posted internally city-wide to provide advancement opportunities for existing staff members. Water Services fills vacancies once the appropriate level of talent is found. At the end of 2018, there were 11 vacant positions in the Wastewater Line Maintenance division.

The organizational structure is evaluated during the annual budget process and through frequent communication between Human Resources personnel and the operating divisions of Water Services. In addition, members of the management team evaluate staffing needs throughout the year to address operational challenges that may not have been taken into consideration while developing the budget. The performance of all Water Services employees is evaluated using a formal performance review process. The Director and the Human Resources Manager are responsible for ensuring that Water Services' organizational structure and staffing meet department needs.

ii. COMMUNICATIONS AND CUSTOMER SERVICE

During the reporting period, KC Water communications staff continued to meet the unique needs of the many audiences the department serves. These audiences encompass:

- Approximately 900 employees
- 170,000 retail customers
- 32 wholesale water customers
- 27 wholesale wastewater customers
- Local and national media outlets
- Neighborhood and civic groups
- Mayor, City Council, City Manager, City Departments
- State and Federal elected officials and governmental entities

During the reporting period, KC Water continued to improve internal business processes, enhanced employee training, and launched a customer bill-pay mobile app, which enables customers to perform many of the same self-service account functions that are available through the website from the convenience of a smartphone.

Communications staff members produce a newsletter, "What's on Tap," that is distributed in water bills, and regularly update KC Water's website (<u>www.kcwaterservices.org</u>). Currently, the website supplies basic information on the Overflow Control Program and informs customers of upcoming OCP projects. New webpages were added to promote OCP's "Keep Out the Rain" program.

iii. INQUIRIES, REQUESTS AND COMPLAINTS

The City tracks all customer service requests, and the primary point of contact for members of the public with requests or complaints is the City's 3-1-1 Action Center. Calls to the Action Center are logged into a computer database that documents a description of the problem, location, caller identification and contact data. An electronic ticket is then generated for routing to the appropriate City department. Complaints related to sanitary sewer or stormwater issues are routed to the Wastewater Line Maintenance staff by both phone and email. A supervisor scans each complaint and assigns them to an investigator to determine the nature of the problem. In 2018, the Action Center opened 3,382 cases for sewer-related issues.

A work order is initiated if the Wastewater Line Maintenance Inspector finds that a problem is with a facility for which Water Services is responsible. Once the work is complete, the customer service ticket is closed out. In situations where Water Services repair activities require the involvement of other City departments, the appropriate departments are called in, and the associated costs are charged back to the Line Maintenance Division for work completed on their behalf.

Occasionally, a member of the public will call Water Services directly. If the call is related to an ongoing customer service ticket, the operator accesses the customer service database, looks up the matter and routes the call to the appropriate Wastewater Line Maintenance Supervisor.

iv. LEGAL AUTHORITY

The legal authority of Water Services rests in the City Charter of Kansas City, Mo, which sets forth each of the City departments and defines their responsibilities. Chapter 60 of the City Municipal Code defines the specific authority and responsibilities of Water Services regarding the sewer system.

Specifically, Chapter 60 of the Municipal Code provides the Department authority to do the following:

- Charge fees to all users of the sewer system, whether they reside within the City limits
- Set rates for different classifications of sewer system users
- Enter into agreements with communities outside the City limits for wastewater services
- Measure and/or calculate the volumes of wastewater received from customers outside of the City limits
- Solicit bids, select contractors and construct public sanitary and combined sewers
- Set standards for the use of private septic tanks or cesspools, including the cleaning of the tanks and the disposal of collected materials
- Maintain the approved pretreatment program pursuant to 40 C.F.R. Part 403 and the Current NPDES Permits
- Prohibit the discharge of flammable or other hazardous materials into the sewer system
- Regulate the release of oil and grease into the sewer system by setting acceptable discharge concentrations and setting surcharge rates for higher concentrations of discharged oil and grease
- Require the pretreatment of waste from industrial or commercial users to protect the POTW
- Require industrial or commercial users to report on their releases into the sewer system
- Inspect the facilities of industrial or commercial users to determine the types and quantities of materials being released into the sewer system
- Implement the City's approved pretreatment program against any industrial or commercial users who violate the terms of the ordinance or permits issued

In addition, Section 60-346 of the City's sewer user ordinance gives the City the authority to regulate the connection of private sewers to the public system by entering into contracts, assessing fees, requiring adherence to the City's Standard Specifications, and requiring bonds. The City has the authority to deny a building permit or sewer connection permit if it is determined the receiving sewers have inadequate capacity. The City has established Standard Specifications for the design and construction of new or upgraded sanitary and combined sewers. Coordination between the Departments of Public Works and Water Services is required to

regulate the connection of private sewers to the public system in accordance with Section 60-346 mentioned previously.

An established Enforcement Program provides the City the support required to interpret, adapt, and enforce Water Services Rules and Regulations as needed, which helps control causes of SSOs. Causes may include I/I, corrosion, blockage due to industrial waste and FOG. The Enforcement Program also provides the City with the resources necessary to manage and implement the requirements set forth in the OCP, which will ultimately minimize overflows in the City's service area.

v. ACQUISITION CONSIDERATIONS

As part of the City's Acquisition Considerations Program, the design and construction of infrastructure acquired into the sewer system must comply with the City's technical specifications and construction standards. This program applies to prospective infrastructure from new construction and privately-owned systems being considered for a transfer of ownership to the City. The City has established a formal, written policy and guidelines for assuming ownership of pre-existing infrastructure and ensures the performance of proper record keeping and documentation. The program includes proactive measures to prevent the occurrence of I/I by inspecting new infrastructure to determine if it is properly designed, constructed, and installed, and by inspecting private sewers connecting to the public system to ensure they are watertight.

This program is primarily implemented and enforced through standard evaluation and inspection procedures. Located on the City's website, the City's standards (Design Criteria, Construction Specifications, and Standard Drawings) are a source of information for contractors and developers. City inspectors monitor new construction activities for compliance with City standards and specifications. Prior to accepting new infrastructure, City inspectors witness post-construction performance tests to assess the integrity of the infrastructure. The City's in-house inspectors are dedicated full time to monitoring construction activities of infrastructure to be dedicated to the City. This team of inspectors is within the City Planning and Development Department. Water Services works with City Planning and Development to ensure better coordination procedures.

The Permits staff (located in the City Planning and Development Department, Land Development Division) is responsible for issuing private development project permits for construction of public infrastructure, including storm and sanitary sewer improvements. The group, working under City ordinance, issues permits to those individuals and companies who have obtained the necessary insurance, bonds and construction plan approvals. The group also maintains public infrastructure records. The City provides unique file numbers to all public infrastructure construction plans, permits, and other pertinent records that are scanned and permanently stored.

The City Planning Development Services-Plans Management Division reviews and approves detailed plans required for permits. Upon submittal, the plans are reviewed for complete information and are then forwarded to the appropriate City departments for technical review and approval. The City issues permits once they receive all required approvals.

Such acquisitions are extremely rare and most likely will require custom procedures. Generally, the City follows the following procedure:

- City assigns a project manager to oversee potential acquisition activities
- Owner of the infrastructure obtains and delivers to the City historical information on the infrastructure, including proof of ownership, design guidelines, design calculations, as-built plans, specifications, rights-of-way, and any other information of interest
- Owner obtains/performs a condition assessment (to be witnessed by the City)
- Owner tests the performance (to be witnessed by the City)
- City may determine whether the infrastructure will meet the desired conveyance need
- City may require the owner to make improvements if needed, before assuming ownership

vi. INFORMATION MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

The City maintains an Information Management System (IMS) that provides tools for tracking collection systems' performance, costs, and work orders and measures the effectiveness and efficiency of O&M activities.

In addition, the City continues to enhance its computer-based tools to manage and track collection system data. Standard operating procedures have been updated to ensure accurate documentation of pertinent collection system data and staff members' appropriate use of the IMS tools. The City continues to improve IMS training as mobile data units are deployed for data entry and research.

Collectively, IMS tools give staff members a well-defined, detailed understanding of how the collection system performs by monitoring, analyzing, and measuring their performance. The IMS tools help categorize and prioritize problems throughout the system so that staff members can make well-informed decisions regarding the allocation of resources and implement maintenance and rehabilitation activities that can minimize overflows.

Water Services continues to expand the IMS and share data among divisions in several locations around the City. For wastewater treatment and collection, the primary data system is Infor-Hansen work/service order, asset management and work crew assignment modules. Hansen combines the City's geographic information system (GIS) mapping with attribute tables, WinCan CCTV data management system, and other software applications to help manage the large quantity of data processed daily. The following is a list of the relevant systems maintained and used during the 2018 reporting period:

- GIS ESRI ArcGIS: Discussed in more detail below
- WinCan CCTV data management system: Used to organize and store CCTV investigation information. WinCan stores digital video, still images and text data in a database format. The Division utilizes WinCan V8.24 with PACP coding.
- Infor-Hansen System CMMS: Water Services is currently using Hansen 8.3 release 1404.
- **KWIK:** Used for Water, Wastewater, and Stormwater utility billing. Used to manage and bill approximately 170,000 customer accounts.
- **SCADA:** Used by the Water and Wastewater Treatment Divisions for data acquisition and signaling alarms.
- **Inventory Data Management** Interface Systems Storeroom: Used to manage supplies, track the quantity, cost, and physical location of spare equipment, parts, and material.
- **Mobile SR Tablet:** In-house developed web-based application to allow assignment of Hansen 8 service orders to be completed in the field in realtime with access to GIS, CIS, and Hansen 8 data via a secure connection. Tablets allow staff to close Hansen 8 service orders in the field and update Hansen within five (5) minutes, including the GIS that were allowable.
- Work Tracking Application: In-house developed we-based application that standardizes and automatically uploads information into the City's Hansen work management system. The goal of the system is to better inform relevant stakeholders in a more timely manner about the assets that are repaired or rehabilitated.

Water Services' Information Technology (IT) Division manages the PC network and applications specific to Water Services that includes the integration of various application programs to facilitate user and work needs at each location. The IMS interfaces are continually enhanced to improve efficiencies by automation based on work/problem code for work assignment and updates to the supporting system. Monitor tools have been added to review performance measures and provide real-time presorting to all the Water Services divisions.

On an annual basis, the systems are evaluated to assess upgrade or replacement needs. In addition, an assessment is conducted to evaluate if an existing module can replace an older standalone system or process. Water Services IT continues to work with each division to support the use of IMS in addition to

providing training as requested with the core Water Services systems as new functionality becomes available or an enhancement is made. A combination of Water Services IT staff and vendor-provided maintenance teams provide oversight and support for Water Services IMS tools.

GIS Software

During the reporting period, Water Services continued to use the ESRI ArcGIS suite of products, including ArcGIS for Desktop for spatial data. In Water Services, there are a moderate number of users of ArcGIS Desktop (split between water distribution, sewer collection, and stormwater collection) who create and maintain GIS data. A small number utilize ArcView to view the GIS and perform analysis. The remaining GIS users utilize ArcReader for viewing and plotting GIS data.

Field crews access GIS data via a secure connection from their mobile units based on user credentials. Monthly, the GIS group refreshes the accessible GIS data.

GIS data contains asset type, material, size, install date, pipe elevation, and address information. These data fields also exist in Hansen, which is integrated with GIS, and allows staff members to spatially analyze data through open database connectivity. Hansen 8 also has built-in integration into ESRI GIS, which allows work/service orders to be created via GIS.

vii. GIS MAPPING

The purpose of Water Services' GIS Mapping Program is to ensure that an accurate and comprehensive inventory is maintained of the collection and transmission systems, to assemble and present the information in a manner conducive for use and to ensure that it is easily accessible by Water Services personnel who depend on the data. The City's online mapping system makes Water Services GIS data accessible to employees on the city-wide network.

Water Services' mapping software identifies several collection system components and attributes, including:

- Gravity sewer/force mains
- Property lines/parcels
- Pipe attributes
- Manholes and other access points
- Diversion structures/flow splitters and outfalls
- Ownership of infrastructure
- Sewer easements
- Stormwater inlets
- Septic tanks
- Impervious surfaces
- Aerial photography
- Wastewater facilities (including pump stations, flood pump stations and wastewater treatment plants)
- Green infrastructure
- Proposed new construction services
- Planimetric features (including contours, roads, surface water and land use)

Water Services continuously maintains comprehensive, accurate data in the GIS mapping system. Updates to the GIS are submitted by both internal crews and external consultants when routine field inspections or work in special project areas reveal changes or additions. These updates include new sewer extensions and sewer additions installed by contractors or identified by crews.

Digital maps generated from ArcGIS are available to field crews, both in the office and via ArcReader, or hard copies in the field.

Employees throughout Water Services utilize the system mapping tools and provide updates to inventory data. In addition to GIS edits by internal staff, the department obtains aerial photography from partnering GIS organizations. All relevant staff members receive training from IT personnel on ArcGIS and ArcReader. GIS administrators and users throughout Water Services evaluate the GIS Mapping Program on a continuous basis through monthly team meetings and frequent communication.

viii. SANITARY SEWER OVERFLOW REPORTING AND NOTIFICATION

The City maintains an SSO Reporting and Notification Program that ensures that discharges from the City's sewer system are documented, stored in a data management system, and properly reported to appropriate regulatory authorities. Water Services notifies the public, when appropriate, including persons with the potential to encounter the sewage. The program includes a listing of all building/private property backups discovered by or reported to the City that have occurred. Also included is the date of the building/private backup incident, location, source of notification (e.g., property owner, field crew), general cause(s) of the backup, and actions taken or suggested by the City to halt, mitigate, and prevent future incidents. The City follows its current NPDES Permits for verbal and written notification to the NPDES permitting authority to inform them that an SSO has occurred.

Adherence to, and compliance with, the SSO Reporting and Notification Program plays a vital role in minimizing SSOs, supporting the City's community values, and minimizing the City's compliance and legal risks. Properly tracking and reporting SSOs provides Water Services staff with a better understanding of release point trends and root causes throughout the collection systems and enables decision makers to prioritize resources to cost effectively minimize SSOs. Continuous tracking of overflow occurrences leads to proactive prevention of SSO events.

The primary point of contact for members of the public with complaints is Kansas City's 3-1-1 Action Center. The Action Center is the principal way in which SSO overflows are reported to Water Services. A work order is initiated if a problem with a Water Services facility is identified upon receipt and investigation of a 3-1-1 service call.

A total of 1,368 calls related to SSOs were routed to the Wastewater Line Maintenance Division during 2018. The breakdown of SSO call types includes:

- Water in basement dry weather 1,121
- Water in basement wet weather 247

In the event of a backup that resulted in the owner/tenant of the property calling 3-1-1 or calling Water Services Central Dispatch after hours, the City's Building and Private Property Response Plan comes into effect.

At the onset of the call, the consumer is asked a series of questions to determine the appropriate cleaning response. If the problem cannot be determined on the call, a Wastewater Line Maintenance Crew is dispatched to verify the condition of the City's sewer main and clean that section to ensure it is functioning properly.

If, because of the call, it is agreed upon that City involvement is necessary, a Hansen service request will be initiated. Either a Code 2 (Urgent) or a Code 3 (Emergency) prioritization will be given. In the case of a Code 2 event, a maintenance crew will respond as soon as it is available. In the case of a Code 3 event, a maintenance crew will be dispatched on an emergency basis and will respond as soon as possible.

Generally, if there is water coming into the house from an outside source, the event would be categorized as a Code 3. If water is slowly draining, then it would most likely be categorized as a Code 2. If water comes up in the basement after using the facilities in the residence, it would most likely be categorized as a Code 2 event. If it is determined that the backup occurred due to issues on private property, a "Property Owners Responsibility letter" is given to the property owner with instructions and next steps to resolve the issue.

Wastewater Line Maintenance Crews respond to dry weather backup complaints based on the Code 2 or Code 3 priority. Crews respond to all wet weather backup complaints as a Code 3 priority. Crews respond to inspect the city manholes for surcharge conditions. If a stoppage is found within the system, the crews will open it. If the sewer system is surcharging, a door hanger will be given to the property owner to inform them of the surcharge. The City will recommend that the owner contact a private plumbing company to install a backflow preventer at the property owner's expense.

Water Services strives to respond quickly to SSO complaints to control the release of wastewater and perform appropriate cleanup tasks; crews are dispatched 24 hours a day to investigate complaints. Water Services continually evaluates the SSO Reporting and Notification Program.

ix. PERMIT AUTHORITY NOTIFICATION

The Wastewater Line Maintenance Division notifies MDNR when a DWO occurs within 24 hours of discovery. Water Services completes and submits a follow-up written report to MDNR within five days of the completion on ending of the overflow. In all occurrences, the area around the overflow is cleaned and inspected for any debris or contaminants.

In the case of DWOs caused by vandalism to the manhole, the standard manhole covers are replaced with bolt-down covers to deter future vandalism.

There were 63 dry weather overflows reported to MDNR in 2018 compared to 77 in 2017.

B. COLLECTION SYSTEMS OPERATION

i. BUDGETING

The budgeting process provides adequate fiscal resources to the operating divisions to carry out their responsibilities. The Department's Division managers identify recommended staffing and funding levels, which are then adjusted based on City priorities.

Proper funding, budgeting, and planning are necessary for the Line Maintenance and Wastewater Treatment divisions to provide sufficient capital, labor, and equipment to complete CMOM activities as needed to ensure the minimization of overflows.

Division managers create budgets on an annual basis. The budget process covers project costs and revenue sources for five years. The managers submit their budget requests to Water Services Accounting staff members who review the requests, compile the budget and submit it to the Water Services Director for review and approval. The Director then presents it to the City Manager who, in turn, presents it to the Mayor and City Council for review and approval. Ultimately, the City Council approves the budget, which takes effect at the beginning of each fiscal year (May 1 through April 30).

ii. ENGINEERING

The purpose of Engineering within Water Services is multi-faceted, as it encompasses several functional business units. The business units are the coordinating entities behind many collection system activities, including new construction, construction inspections, rehabilitation and replacement, and capacity assessment and assurance. The business units confirm that new facilities are constructed according to standard construction specifications, do not contribute to future I/I problems, and provide inspection and oversight of rehabilitative work to ensure proper execution.

The various engineering business units have unique areas of collection system responsibility, including:

- Planning is responsible for GIS mapping
- <u>Energy Management</u> is responsible for negotiating utility contracts for pump station and treatment plant operations
- Stormwater Management is responsible for the design of stormwater projects
- <u>Systems Engineering</u> is responsible for the planning, design, and construction of sewer collection systems and water distribution systems
- <u>Facilities Plant Engineering</u> is responsible for the design of all above-ground structures including pump stations and wastewater treatment plants for water and wastewater supply, treatment and pumping facilities
- <u>The Smart Sewer program</u> is responsible for development and implementation of the City's Overflow Control Program
- <u>Waterways</u> is responsible for stormwater management projects that are funded jointly by other government agencies such as the Corps of Engineers

The Smart Sewer program performs all engineering activities under the supervision and direction of registered professional engineers. Staff members in the Engineering Division receive continuing education and training through industry seminars and workshops, as well as classes required to maintain PE licensure.

In addition, the City commonly uses engineering consulting firms and outside contractors to perform planning, design and construction activities.

iii. WATER QUALITY MONITORING

Water Services has developed an integrated monitoring program intended to meet all water quality related objectives in a cost-effective manner as part of the Overflow Control Plan post-construction monitoring requirements set forth in Appendix D.

The Water Quality Monitoring Plan is divided into five sections:

- 1. Objectives and Rationale
- 2. Water Quality Monitoring Plan
- 3. Field Methods and Procedures
- 4. Quality Control
- 5. Resource Assessment

Water Services conducts sampling and analysis efforts for the Water Quality Monitoring Program in accordance with Water Services' OCP Quality Assurance Project Plan, Water Services Laboratory's Quality Assurance Manual, and Health and Safety Plan.

More information on the Water Quality Monitoring Program can be found in the Consent Decree Appendix D: Post Construction Monitoring Program Performance Criteria in this report.

iv. PRETREATMENT PROGRAM

The City continues to implement its approved pretreatment program through Water Services Regulatory Compliance Division pursuant to the Federal Register (40 C.F.R. Part 403) and current NPDES permits. Information on the pretreatment program may be found in NMC 3. Submittals to MDNR associated with the pretreatment program can be found in Attachment B.

v. PUMP STATION OPERATIONS

Pump station operation is a collaborative effort assigned to the Wastewater Treatment Division to ensure reliable operations and continues as originally envisioned and developed.

The department ensures reliable operations by:

- Conducting routine scheduled inspections
- Troubleshooting when situations arise
- Performing preventative maintenance
- Retaining appropriate records of pump station performance
- Remotely monitoring pump station operations using remote dialers and a SCADA system

This program is executed in conjunction with the pump station maintenance program discussed later in this document. Operations staff are responsible for performing light and/or preventative maintenance work as needed, and routine inspections are performed which generate corrective work orders identifying work to be performed by maintenance staff.

Monitoring the reliability of pump stations through routine inspections, troubleshooting, and remote supervision decreases the chance of pump station failure that could potentially cause an overflow. Proper pump station operation also maximizes storage and ensures adequate capacity throughout the collection system, which may consequently prevent an overflow from occurring.

The Wastewater Treatment Division operators visit each wastewater pump station (WWPS), flood pump station, and headworks pump station at WWTP sites on a regular basis. The visits occur at varying frequencies ranging from daily to three times per week for larger stations, to once per week for smaller stations. Visit frequency is based on several factors including manpower availability, facility size, complexity, criticality, reliability and past maintenance history. Maintenance staff also performs emergency maintenance and other tasks needed to maintain the overall wastewater treatment system.

In 2018 various design and construction was initiated, continued or completed at pump stations, force mains, and pipelines including Birmingham Pump Station, Weatherby Lake Pump Station, Line Creek Pump Station, 83rd Street Pump Station, and Buckeye Pump Station force main.

The pump stations include remote monitoring using telephone dialers and SCADA. In 2018, projects continued to implement an even more comprehensive SCADA system program. Pump station inspections are recorded in a log book, and inspection forms and data are archived. At some of the larger stations, more extensive data is collected.

Water Services has assigned operations crews and maintenance crews to pump station O&M activities. Additional operations crews are available as needed. Maintenance also has crews available for electrical, instrument and controls, and facility repairs as needed.

Much of training for pump station operators occurs through on-the-job experience. Considerable training is provided through an in-house program in which staff are eligible to obtain continuing education credits required for certification.

vi. PUMP STATION MAINTENANCE

The purpose of the Pump Station maintenance program is to perform the necessary preventative, corrective and predictive maintenance required to sustain the reliability of wastewater and flood pump stations and ensure all pump stations throughout the service area are operating efficiently. This program is executed in conjunction with operations and maintenance to complete work orders generated from routine inspections, trouble calls, and preventative maintenance schedules. In 2018, approximately 6,000 work orders were completed associated with maintenance of the City's 37 sewer pump stations and 16 flood pump stations.

Maintaining the reliability of pump stations helps to decrease the chance of pump station failure, which could potentially cause an overflow. Performing predictive and preventative maintenance helps to correct problems before they become an emergency and increases pump station reliability.

Crews perform regular maintenance at each of the pump stations. All pump station maintenance is performed based on planned weekly maintenance schedules or when an emergency occurs. Typical tasks include verifying normal operation of pumps and equipment, checking operational status, servicing equipment for proper operation, and other corrective and preventative maintenance.

Maintenance supervisors produce a weekly maintenance schedule and select specific projects based on crew availability, parts availability and the urgency of a repair. Since 2010, staff members have updated plans during daily weekday meetings between the pump station mechanical, electrical and instrumentation mechanics and operators, supervisors and superintendents to facilitate coordination. As a result, 90 percent of all work performed consists of scheduled and planned maintenance.

The senior management team utilizes computerized maintenance management administration, procurement, project specifications reviews, project drawings, project design meetings and coordination. Additional daily meetings and communications with maintenance supervisors and chief plant operators are conducted to communicate and coordinate the activities that need to be performed.

The management and execution of work tasks are evaluated constantly through daily team meetings and regular tracking of work orders. Tracking work orders in computerized maintenance management system enables staff to identify performance patterns that may require further evaluation. All flood pump stations are inspected almost daily during routine events and more frequently during severe weather events. The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers conducts annual audits and identifies further actions needed for repair work.

vii. PUMP STATION EMERGENCIES

Emergency response procedures have been developed for pump station emergencies. The department monitors the basic operations status via the SCADA alarm reporting and telephone dial-out systems, with each used as appropriate to the pump station location and equipment type. The SCADA system is monitored 24 hours a day, seven days a week by a Chief Plant Operator (CPO) at the Blue River WWTP who reports to a Section Superintendent, who in turn reports to Wastewater Treatment Division Manager. The alarms received by the CPO indicate the type of equipment problem and permit the CPO to tailor responses. The CPO has guidelines that specify whom to call and when to call them based on the time of day, weather conditions and nature of the issue. Water Services also receives notification of trouble in the collection system from the public. External constituencies can hear an audible alarm or see a flashing red light at pump stations and call Water Services' 24-hour response line to report trouble.

Water Services provides emergency response. The CPO has the authority to call in additional resources as needed, including either staff with specific expertise, a contractor or a contract hauler. This system ensures that quick response is available 24 hours a day and improves employee accountability.

Additional assistance for pump station trouble calls may be summoned by the CPO. Skilled and/or general labor is available, as well as equipment operators and their respective equipment. The responder will determine labor and equipment needs during the initial assessment of the issue. Water Services works with an existing contractor to respond to pump station emergencies.

Work orders associated with pump station emergencies are completed and documented in computerized maintenance management system. The success and effectiveness of Water Services' efforts are measured through a variety of performance indicators, such as response time, the effectiveness of remedies, and the number of well-trained personnel available to monitor and respond to pump station emergencies. The formal Emergency Response Plan is included as part of the City's 2010 Sewer Overflow Response Plan (SORP).

viii. FORCE MAINS

The Force Main Maintenance Program and Air Release Valve (ARV) Program consists of five elements: GIS, condition assessment, corrosion investigation, preventative maintenance, and documentation of maintenance activities.

Water Services initially inspect force main sewers in isolated areas using infrared video/thermal imagery conducted as part of the annual aerial flyover contract. If an anomaly is found, field inspectors in the Wastewater Preventative Maintenance Division are sent out to determine if the anomaly was an active leak on the force main. This program is discussed further in the Remote Sewer Inspection Program later in this report. The Line Maintenance Division also assists in the repair of force main breaks on a point repair basis.

The Wastewater Treatment Division is responsible for the ARVs on force main sewers. The ARVs are checked annually at a minimum.

ix. SMOKE TESTING

The purpose of the Smoke Testing program is to identify specific public and private sources of stormwater I/I into the SSS and CSS that can be eliminated or reduced through rehabilitation or repair. Smoke testing, along with CCTV inspection, manhole inspections, and flow monitoring comprise the Sanitary Sewer Evaluation Survey (SSES) program elements. Smoke testing helps to identify significant sources of stormwater I/I, including private service laterals and illegal connections such as downspouts and area drains. Smoke testing can also be used to determine the location of sewer main defects likely contributing I/I to the system.

The City has developed a standard protocol for smoke testing. Water Services keeps a hard copy of this protocol along with electronic copies. Water Services uses external contractors to perform the smoke testing activities as dictated by specific projects; the smoke testing protocols accompanies all requests for proposals for these projects. Data is analyzed and used for system improvements as outlined in the Collection System Maintenance section below.

In 2018, smoke testing was performed on approximately 546,000 linear feet, or 103 miles, of sewer to detect I/I sources in the public and private sectors. Each positively identified source was photographed and located using a GPS device. A defect feature class was created and is included in the geodatabase.

x. FLOW AND RAINFALL MONITORING

Flow and rainfall monitoring is being performed in conjunction with Appendix D of the Consent Decree. Additional flow and rainfall monitoring will be performed in individual sub-basins to aid in the design of proposed improvements.

Water Services has developed a standard protocol for flow and rainfall monitoring and data analysis. Once the flow and rainfall data are received, it is stored on a server at Water Services and is reviewed by various Division managers and the Overflow Control Program team. The design professional conducts an analysis of the data for design of system improvements. Additional details and project-specific information on the flow monitoring program is described in more detail in Appendix D of this report.

xi. CCTV INSPECTION

The purpose of the City's CCTV Inspection Program is to visually assess the condition inside of the collection system. The program relies on the use of National Association of Sewer Service Companies (NASSCO) standardized ratings to characterize conditions. Currently, CCTV inspections are conducted to investigate a known trouble area and as a follow-up to line cleaning. Water Services has developed a standard protocol for CCTV inspections.

In 2018, the City televised approximately 420 miles of sewer lines, exceeding the Consent Decree requirements. This mileage includes the mileage in the combined sewer system previously discussed in NMC 1. Water Services tracks CCTV inspection information in Hansen with information available from WinCan.

xii. REMOTE SEWER INSPECTION PROGRAM

The Remote Sewer Inspection Program is implemented to inspect remote portions of the sanitary sewer system in an economical and efficient manner to identify anomalies warranting further inspection. This is done through an aerial flyover that identifies and locates potential areas of ground seep into the watershed, specifically leaks from local underground sewer lines situated near or along the river, creeks and tributary streams in remote locations.

The entire 350 miles of the system's sewer lines and force mains are evaluated using the flyover process. The specialized equipment requires a small aircraft equipped with a video camera and thermal infrared/integrated GPS tracking. These tools detect temperature anomalies along remotely located portions of the collection system. The temperature anomalies indicate flow may be either exfiltration or overflowing from the collection system, and that further investigation is necessary.

After the flyover is performed, the infrared footage is analyzed and adjusted to remove any known anomalies such as lights, animals or other obvious heat sources. For those heat sources that cannot be characterized, and that may be resulting from sewer system leaks, Water Services staff visually inspects those areas. If staff members discover a leak, a work order is issued for the repair.

A flyover was performed in February 2018 with 20 anomalies discovered and one anomaly was confirmed to be an overflow. Using the supplied GPS coordinates, the Wastewater Line Maintenance Division visually inspected the anomalies, finding one overflow located in a remote area. The remaining anoImalies were the result of small ponds, dried up creeks with small pools of water, natural groundwater seepage, storm drainage pipes, and other non-sewage related items.

C. COLLECTION SYSTEMS MAINTENANCE

i. MANHOLE REPAIRS

The purpose of the Manhole Repair Program is to ensure the structural integrity of manholes in the system, reduce infiltration into manholes, control odor problems at manholes, increase accessibility to buried manholes, and prevent public harm due to structural failures.

Manhole repairs often reduce infiltration into manholes. This helps ensure capacity exists for the conveyance of sanitary sewer flows. The Manhole Repair Program also addresses the structural integrity of manholes. This reduces the likelihood a manhole would structurally fail, causing blockage in the system that may trigger either SSOs or CSOs. The Manhole Repair Program also helps to minimize overflows by increasing the accessibility of buried manholes. Greater accessibility for inspection and maintenance activities will minimize overflows with maintenance related causes.

Activities associated with this program include the repair or replacement of manhole components in the upper three feet of the structure by the Wastewater Line Maintenance Division manhole repair crew, or manhole replacement by a heavy repair crew. The division's manhole repair crew implements various types of repairs, including:

- Lid and ring replacement
- Lid grade adjustment
- Brick replacement

The repair crew does not repair manholes suffering severe structural failure; these manholes are typically removed and replaced by a heavy repair crew in the Line Maintenance Division. In 2018, the City's OCP

Program Management team inspected 1,362 manholes (MHs). A total of 2,007 MHs were repaired, replaced, or raised as follows: 194 MHs by City-wide MH Raising Contractor, 1,634 MHs by OCP Project Contractors, and 179 MHs by City Wastewater repair crews.

ii. MAINLINE SEWER REPAIRS

Actual physical repairs are made to the gravity sewer lines by the Line Maintenance Division. The repairs are performed to make upgrades and improvements to mainline sewers as needed to ensure adequate capacity, keep flow in pipes, reduce and eliminate I/I, and maintain the design conveyance of the pipes in the system.

Overflows are minimized by reducing the levels of I/I entering the system and by fixing deteriorating pipes that keep the flow in the collection system. A reduction in I/I levels leaves more system capacity available for the conveyance of sanitary sewer flow, eliminating one significant cause of overflows. Maintaining the pipe also removes restrictions that could potentially cause blockages and overflows and further helps ensure capacity.

The type of repair method used is dependent upon several factors including:

- Pipe size
- Pipe type
- Pipe location
- Flow
- Surface conditions
- Severity of I/I

The City utilizes several repair technologies, including:

- Open cut
- Cured in place lining
- Horizontal directional drilling
- Boring and jacking
- Tunneling
- Pipe bursting
- Slip lining
- Grouting of joints
- Point repairs

Work orders are prioritized based on available assessment information and sound judgment. Work orders associated with mainline sewer repairs are tracked and stored in Hansen. Repair work performed by inhouse construction crews is entered into Hansen by Collection Systems personnel, and repair work performed by outside contractors is entered into Hansen by Engineering personnel.

Water Services employs repair crews; however, a significant amount of mainline sewer repair work is completed by outside contractors. The department also relies on outside contractors for construction work that requires either special equipment or expertise to perform. In-house inspectors monitor work conducted by outside contractors. Specifications for construction work are included in formal contracts used to manage outside firms.

In 2018, approximately 418,536 linear feet of sewer main line repairs, including open cut replace/pipe bursting, point repairs, and CIPP. Additionally 17,981 linear feet of service lateral pipe replacement and rehabilitation were performed as a part of OCP projects, Line Maintenance Division crews, and Water Services' annual sewer repair contracts.

iii. SEWER CLEANING

The two purposes of the Sewer Cleaning Program are to perform preventative maintenance cleaning on the gravity sewer system and to clean trouble or emergency areas. Preventative maintenance cleaning is intended to ensure that system design capacity is available and prevent non-structural blockages caused by either root intrusion or buildup of grease or debris. A large percentage of annual sewer cleaning is on lines that are part of a routine preventative maintenance schedule. Water Services conducts emergency cleaning in response to emergency calls. The remaining cleaning activities are unscheduled trouble or emergency calls.

City crews also perform corrective cleaning in response to stoppages, trouble calls and city requests. If Water Services receives repeated trouble calls for a particular line segment, the line segment is placed on a frequent interval preventative cleaning cycle. CCTV inspection is completed in conjunction with all sewer cleanings. All sewer cleaning originates with a Hansen-generated work order. Completed work is also tracked in Hansen.

The City performs both hydraulic and mechanical cleaning. Mechanical cleaning is performed using either a rod machine or a bucket machine, while hydraulic cleaning is performed using jet trucks.

Water Services stores all data related to the Sewer Cleaning Program in Hansen. Cleaning records include date, time, and location information related to the cleaning; method of cleaning used; names of staff members who performed the cleaning; and any further actions that were initiated.

In 2018, the City cleaned approximately 915 miles of sewer lines, meeting the Consent Decree requirements of at least 283 miles annually. This mileage includes the mileage in the CSS area previously discussed in NMC 1.

iv. RESPONSE PLAN

The City's Building and Private Property Backup Response Plan was developed to provide procedures for response and preventative maintenance. The purpose of the plan is to restore the public sewer line to a functioning condition and perform any cleanup that may be required while working within the applicable laws of the City.

If, while conducting preventative cleaning activities, a basement backup occurs that is found to be the responsibility of Water Services, the property owner will be directed to contact the City's Claims Department. The Claims Department will hire a private contractor to perform the clean-up work. If there is a claim or lawsuit, then the law department works with the property owner to install a backflow device (if they choose to have the device installed). This installation would be located on private property, and Water Services is typically not informed if the homeowner elected to have the device installed or not.

D. COLLECTION SYSTEM CAPACITY

i. CAPACITY ASSESSMENT AND ASSURANCE

The City's current procedure for capacity assurance involves coordination with several City Departments and Divisions. The City Planning and Development Department (City Planning) Land Development Division reviews new development additions. The developer's engineering consultant is responsible for certifying that the proposed development will not overload the receiving sanitary sewer system. They must verify that the receiving trunk sewer was sized adequately according to APWA standards and, coordinate with Water Services when necessary to verify that the receiving pump station has sufficient capacity to handle the additional flows. The City Planning Land Development Division has the authority to refuse authorizing the connection if there is a history of capacity issues or if the City has issued a moratorium on new connections in a specific area. City Planning is also responsible for reviewing plans and inspecting connections to the existing sewer system for a major infrastructure permit per Chapter 64 of the Code of Ordinance.

Water Services inspects the connections when new service line connections are requested and permitted. Water Services also inspects the installation of service lines on private property for 1-2 family residential structures, and building officials handle the inspections of the private service line installation on all other situations.

Public Works/Parks and Recreation inspects the right-of-way restoration associated with their excavation permits, and Public Works handles the traffic control inspections. Water Services supports the Land Development Division on larger proposed developments or unique drainage or sanitary sewer service areas when requested.

For single taps, City Planning Land Development Division grants or authorizes the connection. Water Services then issues the connection inspection permits for all connections and performs the inspection of the physical connection. Public Works (and/or Parks and Recreation Department for roads under its jurisdiction) issues excavation permits for excavation within the public right-of-way or easement. Public Works also issues any required traffic closure permits. Building officials issue a plumbing permit for the service line on private property.

XIII. POST CONSTRUCTION MONITORING PROGRAM PERFORMANCE CRITERIA – APPENDIX D

A. FLOW MONITORING PROGRAM

Short-term pre-construction flow monitoring was conducted by the City's OCP Program Management team for five I/I reduction projects listed below beginning in April 2018 for approximately 90 days to seven months. Monitoring occurred to provide data for the identification and quantification of I/I sources and to measure the effectiveness of I/I rehabilitation work.

- Blue River South Area 4
- Line Creek/Rock Creek Area 3
- Line Creek/Rock Creek Area 4
- Birmingham Area 1
- Birmingham Area 2

Post-construction flow monitoring was conducted to obtain data to measure the reduction in I/I obtained by five projects listed below. Flow data will be analyzed to determine I/I reduction effectiveness.

- Blue River South Areas 1&2
- Blue River South Area 3
- Blue River Central Area 1
- Blue River North Area
- Line Creek/Rock Creek Area 1

Multiple rain gauges were also installed in the project areas to supplement coverage provided by the City's existing ALERT gauging system.

In addition, flow and rainfall monitoring was performed for 90 days at four locations in the Northeast Industrial District Neighborhood Sewer Rehabilitation Project, the Lower Blue River Neighborhood Sewer Rehabilitation Project and Town Fork Creek Neighborhood Sewer Rehabilitation areas to provide quantification of system pre-construction and post-construction flows. Post-construction monitoring was also performed for three pilot private I/I target areas and analysis of the data is underway.

i. LONG-TERM FLOW MONITORING

During the reporting period, long-term flow monitoring was performed according to the revised CSS Metering Plan approved by USEPA in December 2016. Long-term flow monitoring commenced or continued in 2018 at seven locations within the combined sewer system as listed below.

- Outfall BR039 (continued)
- Outfall BR040 (continued)
- Outfall BR059 (continued)
- Outfall BR069 (continued)
- Outfall BR063 (commenced)
- Outfall BR064 (commenced)
- Outfall W003 (commenced)

B. WATER QUALITY TESTING

The 2018 reporting period is the eighth year of monitoring conducted under the Integrated Water Quality Monitoring Program (IWQMP). Since April 2011, Water Services staff members have conducted sampling and field measurements at 20 smaller water locations. A Water Services contractor has conducted sampling and field measurements at one location on the Kansas River and two locations on the Missouri River. The Water Services laboratory conducted analysis of the samples. Sampling and analyses were conducted according to the methods prescribed in the Integrated Water Quality Monitoring Program⁵ and the associated Quality Assurance Project Plan⁶.

The details of the monitoring program, including sampling locations, frequency of monitoring, and water quality parameters are presented in the IWQMP. The IWQMP specifies monitoring to be conducted every other week. Field measurements include temperature, pH, dissolved oxygen and aesthetic observations. Samples are collected and delivered to the Water Services laboratory for analysis of E. coli, TSS and conductivity. Monitoring was conducted during the 2018 recreation season, which extends from April 1 through October 31.

The implementation of the IWQMP in 2018 was successful in obtaining 109 percent of the planned samples for both the small stream sites and the large river sites. Also, the collection frequencies for field duplicate samples and field rinse blank (FRB) samples (12.5 percent and 13 percent of samples, respectively) met or exceeded the planned numbers (10 percent for duplicates; 5 percent for FRBs), and exceeded the requirements specified in the sampling and quality assurance plans. Monitoring was also conducted outside the recreation season as weather conditions permitted.

A brief summary of the 2018 water quality monitoring results is presented for E. coli, dissolved oxygen, and TSS in *Table 1*.

Highest concentrations of bacteria are observed in Town Fork Creek (TF-01 and TF-02 - a new location added for 2018), the upper end of Brush Creek (BC-01 through BC-04) and the lower end of the Blue River (BR-06 through BR-09). These locations are generally consistent from past years. Bacteria concentrations in the Missouri River were lower in 2018 than in previous years, while bacteria concentrations in the Kansas River were also noticeably lower in 2018 and among the lowest in the 8 years of monitoring.

Average dissolved oxygen concentrations were slightly higher in 2018 than previous years and are all meeting applicable water quality criteria.

The data collected in 2018 indicate TSS concentrations in the smaller tributary streams were not noticeably different from previous years. TSS concentrations in the Missouri River and Kansas River were lower than 2016 (a high flow year for those systems) but slightly higher than observed for previous years.

Water quality conditions can vary significantly year-to-year depending on precipitation conditions. Precipitation in Kansas City during 2018 was near the 2000-2018 average (38.63⁷) at 40.76 inches.

5 LimnoTech, December 28, 2010 6 LimnoTech, 2005, revised 2010 7 National Weather Service: <u>https://www.weather.gov/eax/annualpcpn</u>

5	Site	No. of Samples	Geometric Mean	No. of Samples Recreational Season	Geometric Mean Recreational Season	No. of Sample	Average	No. of Samples	Average
	E. Coli (Count/100 ml)				Dissolved O	xygen (mg/L)	TSS (mg/L)		
	BC-01	27	166	19	620	24	11.4	27	35
	BC-02	BC-02 21 577 17 671		671	18	7.5	21	40	
	BC-03	26	1,644	18	1,696	23	12.4	26	55
	BC-04	23	1,157	17	976	21	10.6	23	33
	BC-05	22	439	17	240	20	10.8	22	39
	BC-06	22	399	18	338	20	10.8	22	25
	BC-07	22	232	18	200	20	11.4	22	22
	BR-01	26	273	18	327	23	12.9	26	28
	BR-02	26	181	18	200	23	12.6	26	33
	BR-03	23	221	18	183	20	10.7	22	51
Small Stream	BR-04	27	89	19	108	23	13.7	27	41
Sites	BR-05	24	184	19	183	20	10.7	23	38
	BR-06	27	1,248	18	1,065	23	13.2	27	38
	BR-07	26	704	17	724	23	12.8	26	47
	BR-08	25	2,736	17	3,315	23	11.8	25	44
	BR-09	25	824	18	658	22	12.2	25	17
	IC-01	25	370	18	393	22	12.1	25	20
	PV-01	21	167	17	223	19	9.2	21	15
	TF-01	24	1,098	18	468	20	6.5	23	39
	TF-02	16	1,397	16	1,397	15	2.7	17	9
	MC-01	25	211	18	161	22	9.7	25	7
	MR-01-R	16	134	16	134	16	9.0	16	299
	MR-01-C	16	120	16	120	16	9.0	15	301
	MR-01-L	16	147	16	147	16	9.1	16	296
	MR-02-R	26	115	26	115	16	9.2	26	259
Large River Sites	MR-02-C	14	114	14	114	14	9.0	14	262
	MR-02-L	18	149	18	149	17	8.6	18	248
	KR-01-R	16	70	16	70	16	8.7	16	176
	KR-01-C	16	58	16	58	16	8.9	16	169
	KR-01-L	16	68	16	68	16	9.2	16	136

TABLE 1: SUMMARY OF 2018 OCP WATER QUALITY MONITORING

Note: Three locations were monitored at each of the large river sites (MC, KR), one each in the right channel (R), the center channel (C), and left channel (L).

XIV. SUPPLEMENTAL ENVIRONMENTAL PROJECT PLAN – APPENDIX E

To date there have been three (3) Supplemental Environmental Projects:

a. SEP No. 1 (original SEP project) – Septic Tank Closure Program

b. SEP No. 2 - Sustainable Stormwater BMPs associated with Water Services Swope Campus Parking Lot Improvements

c. SEP No. 3 - Blue River Trailhead at Blue Parkway

i. SEP No. 1 - Septic Tank Closure Program

The original Supplemental Environmental Project plan (SEP) included the implementation of a Sewer Connection and Septic Tank Closure Program for areas where Kansas City Water Services provides sewer services. A reevaluation of the properties showed that only 277 properties were eligible; of those eligible properties, only 43 connected to the public sewer system. Because of the community's low interest in this septic tank closure program, an Alternative SEP project was proposed by Water Services to USEPA on July 28, 2014.

ii. SEP No. 2- Sustainable Stormwater BMPs associated with Water Services Swope Campus Parking Lot Improvements

This Alternative SEP involved constructing sustainable stormwater best management practices (BMPs) as part of Water Services' Swope Campus Parking Lot Improvements Project. On February 23, 2015, Water Services received a letter from USEPA indicating partial approval of the Swope Campus Parking Lot Alternative SEP in the amount of \$1,100,000. The Swope Campus SEP was substantially completed on September 11, 2015.

iii. SEP No. 3- Blue River Trailhead at Blue Parkway

USEPA allowed the City to propose an additional alternative SEP to offset the remaining SEP balance of \$377,382. This third Alternative SEP, submitted to USEPA on April 29, 2015, entitled "Blue River Trailhead at Blue Parkway," was approved by USEPA on October 16, 2015. This SEP project uses various BMPs to improve water quality and habitat features from stormwater runoff at the new Blue River Trailhead before ultimately discharging into the Blue River near the Blue Parkway Bridge.

On July 28, 2015, the City requested a time extension to complete the Blue River Trailhead at Blue Parkway – SEP No. 3. On October 16, 2015, the City received approval from the USEPA regarding the Blue River Trailhead Project serving as the third additional alternative SEP. In this same letter, the USEPA also approved two time extension requests: September 27, 2016 for the second alternative SEP project, and September 27, 2018 for the third alternative SEP.

The design of SEP No. 3 was started in April 2017 and the project reached reached achievement of full operation on August 6, 2018. The project includes over 2,400 square feet of rain gardens, 65 tree plantings and installation of almost 1,600 square feet of permeable pavement parking area. In addition, a weir wall and level sensor for an existing detention pond located in the NEID basin near Chestnut St. and Cliff Drive were installed for real-time control of flows released from the detention pond. Thereby increasing its storage capability and reducing flows into the combined sewer system. The Supplemental Environmental Projects Completion Report was submitted to the EPA on January 25, 2019.

XV. SCHEDULE FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF DISINFECTION TECHNOLOGY AT WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANTS – APPENDIX F

Disinfection improvements have been completed. All six of the City's wastewater treatment plants are now equipped with effluent disinfection.

ATTACHMENT A: DISCHARGE MONITORING REPORTS

The following is an example of a Discharge Monitoring Report as submitted by Water Services to MDNR. To conserve resources, electronic copies of all discharge and bypass reports submitted to MDNR in 2018 are enclosed.

PERMITTEE NAME/ADDRESS industrially land loadon / Offent) NAME: KC, Rocky Branch Sewage Treatment Plant ADDRESS: 4800 E 63 rd Str., Kansas City, MO 64130			MITCHL POLUTION DEGRAPHIC EMMANTER SYSTEM PORES DIBCHARGE MONITORING REPORT (M/R) MO- ☆クキョンテラー ○○③ PERMIN HMBER								
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and an any gan barran	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT					20 Weekly Avg	10 Monthly Avg			Week Once/	Composite 24 Hr
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otal Suspended Solids	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	-		1		13	8	mg/L	°.	Once/ Week	Composite
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	PERMIT			1	15 Daily Max		10 Monthly Avg		-	Once/ Month	Grab
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Monitoring requirement only.

ATTACHMENT B: REPORTS SUBMITTED UNDER CURRENT NPDES PERMITS

To conserve resources, electronic copies of the following reports submitted to MDNR in 2018 are enclosed.

- Monthly Operating Reports
- Industrial Pretreatment Program Annual Report 2017
- Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System Permit Annual Report May 2017 April 2018
- Sewer Extension Authority Report 2017
- Birmingham Inflow/Infiltration Report 2018

ATTACHMENT C: LIST OF CRITICAL FACILITIES AND INSPECTION FREQUENCY

Table 10 below is the start of the critical facilities list and associated inspection frequencies. An electronic copy of the full list are enclosed.

DIVERSION STRUCTURE NUMBER	LOCATION	MAP #	MH#	RECEIVING STREAM	INSPECTION INTERVAL
2	100 MAIN ST DIVERSION	S028	302	MISSOURI RIVER	30
3	100 GILLIS AVE DIVERSION 600FT W	S028	954	MISSOURI RIVER	7
4	308 N LYDIA AVE - DIVERSION STRUCTURE	S027	483	MISSOURI RIVER	30
5	* 101 PROSPECT AVE PUMP STATION	S009	800	MISSOURI RIVER	30
7	7300 HAWTHORNE DIVERSION	S012	047	BLUE RIVER	30
8	320 BELMONT AVE	S024	209	BLUE RIVER	14
9	WILSON & CAMBRIDGE	S024	087	BLUE RIVER	30
10	801 E 9TH ST, IN PARKING LOT	S035	435	BLUE RIVER	7
11	7601 TRUMAN RD	S036	018	BLUE RIVER	14
12	1800 CRYSTAL AVE	S048	210	BLUE RIVER	14
13	3557 STADIUM DR	S059	009	BLUE RIVER	14
14	3333 STADIUM DR	S059	001	BLUE RIVER	14
16	5015 STATE LINE RD	S078	629	BRUSH CREEK	7
17	1308 W 50TH TER	S078	022	BRUSH CREEK	3
18	4941 WESTWOOD RD	S078	174	BRUSH CREEK	7
19	1204 W 50TH ST	S078	186	BRUSH CREEK	7
20	4979 WARD PKWY	S078	323	BRUSH CREEK	7
21	4938 HOLLY ST	S078	190	BRUSH CREEK	7

Table 10: Critical Structures Inventory – Kansas City, MO

DIVERSION STRUCTURE NUMBER	LOCATION	MAP #	MH#	RECEIVING STREAM	INSPECTION INTERVAL
22	807 W 48TH ST	S078	354	BRUSH CREEK	14
23	4821 ROANOKE PKWY	S078	344	BRUSH CREEK	30
24	717 WARD PKWY	S078	340	BRUSH CREEK	7
25	4700 BROADWAY	S078	488	BRUSH CREEK	3
26	4849 WORNALL RD	S079	134	BRUSH CREEK	7
27	111 NICHOLS RD	S079	232	BRUSH CREEK	7
28	1 WARD PKWY	S079	159	BRUSH CREEK	7
29	4908 BROOKSIDE BLVD	S079	093	BRUSH CREEK	14
30	4925 OAK ST	S079	082	BRUSH CREEK	14
31	4722 MCGEE ST	S079	219	BRUSH CREEK	14
32	4750 TROOST AVE	S079	641	BRUSH CREEK	30
33	4825 TROOST AVE	S080	267	BRUSH CREEK	30
34	4909 TROOSTWOOD RD	S080	249	BRUSH CREEK	14
36	4822 PASEO	S080	242	BRUSH CREEK	14
38	1325 CLEAVER II BLVD	S080	838	BRUSH CREEK	7
39	1326 CLEAVER II BLVD	S080	418	BRUSH CREEK	14
40	1347 BRUSH CREEK BLVD	S080	414	BRUSH CREEK	14
41	1800 BRUSH CREEK BLVD	S080	388	BRUSH CREEK	14
42	4500 GARFIELD AVE	S080	490	BRUSH CREEK	30
43	2508 E 46TH ST	S080	357	BRUSH CREEK	14
45	4929 CHESTNUT AVE	S081	105	BRUSH CREEK	14
46	3321 E 51ST ST	S081	048	BRUSH CREEK	14
48	3214 E 53RD ST	S098	469	BRUSH CREEK	14
49	3333 E 55TH ST	S098	387	BRUSH CREEK	14
50	5520 COLLEGE AVE	S098	310	BRUSH CREEK	14
51	3024 E 57TH ST	S098	179	BRUSH CREEK	14
52	5727 S BENTON	S098	183	BRUSH CREEK	14
53	2802 E 58TH ST	S098	186	BRUSH CREEK	14
54	2902 E 58TH ST	S098	185	BRUSH CREEK	14
55	5816 WALROND AVE	S098	040	BRUSH CREEK	14
56	5901 PROSPECT AVE	S098	002	BRUSH CREEK	3

DIVERSION STRUCTURE NUMBER	LOCATION	MAP #	MH#	RECEIVING STREAM	INSPECTION INTERVAL
57	2800 E 60TH ST	S105	557	BRUSH CREEK	14
58	6025 PROSPECT AVE	S105	383	BRUSH CREEK	3
61	6125 PARK AVE	S104	306	BRUSH CREEK	14
62	1670 E 63RD ST	S104	861	BRUSH CREEK	7
63	1100 E MEYER BLVD	S104	069	BRUSH CREEK	30
64	6330 TROOST AVE	S104	066	BRUSH CREEK	14
67	7523 INDIANA, 500FT S IN CREEK	S129	800	BLUE RIVER	7
68	8300 OAK ST, 300FT S	S148	052	BLUE RIVER	7
69	1327 E 84TH TER	S147	TBA	BLUE RIVER	3
70	6224 PASEO	S104	108	BRUSH CREEK	7
71	1318 E 63RD ST	S104	089	BRUSH CREEK	7
72	5835 BELLEFONTAINE AVE	S098	035	BRUSH CREEK	3
73	5241 E 53RD TER	S097	ТВА	BLUE RIVER	7
74	4232 E 58TH ST	S097	020	BLUE RIVER	3
75	4400 E 59TH ST	S097	005	BLUE RIVER	3
76	1503 E 49TH TER	S080	078	BRUSH CREEK	14
77	1510 E 50TH ST	S080A	077	BRUSH CREEK	14
78	5007 PASEO	S080	075	BRUSH CREEK	14
79	5025 PASEO	S080	074	BRUSH CREEK	14
80	5045 PASEO	S080	069	BRUSH CREEK	3
81	1500 E 52ND ST	S099	529	BRUSH CREEK	14
82	5301 PASEO	S099	420	BRUSH CREEK	14
84	416 E MEYER BLVD	S103	227	BRUSH CREEK	14
86	440 E 63RD ST	S103	421	BRUSH CREEK	14
87	601 E 62ND ST	S103	424	BRUSH CREEK	14
90	745 E 63RD TER	S103	282	BRUSH CREEK	14
91	912 E 63RD ST	S103	277	BRUSH CREEK	14
92	6200 ROCKHILL RD	S103	450	BLUE RIVER	14
93	6144 ROCKHILL RD	S103	447	BRUSH CREEK	14
94	6300 YATES, LIGHT POLE 1028	S106	032	BLUE RIVER	7
109	6839 ASKEW AVE	S122	397	BLUE RIVER	14

DIVERSION STRUCTURE NUMBER	LOCATION	MAP #	MH#	RECEIVING STREAM	INSPECTION INTERVAL
111	3827 GREGORY BLVD	S122	206	BLUE RIVER	14
112	7103 TRACY AVE	S123	278	BRUSH CREEK	14
113	1209 E GREGORY BLVD	S123	335	BRUSH CREEK	3
114	7101 TRACY AVE	S123	296	BRUSH CREEK	3
115	69TH & LYDIA AVE	S123	331	BRUSH CREEK	3
116	69TH & FLORA AVE	S123	330	BRUSH CREEK	14
117	68TH & WOODLAND AVE	S123	352	BRUSH CREEK	14
118	1420 E 66TH TER	S104	018	BRUSH CREEK	14
119	1439 E 66TH TER	S104	015	BRUSH CREEK	14
120	8141 CAMPBELL ST	S127	454	BLUE RIVER	7
122	19 W 83RD ST	S148	051	BLUE RIVER	7
123	8501 FLORA ST	S147	149	BLUE RIVER	7
124	2425 E 77th ST	S128	803	BLUE RIVER	14
125	816 FREMONT AVE	S035	166	BLUE RIVER	14
127	6801 WINNER RD	S024	055	BLUE RIVER	14
128	6821 WINNER RD	S024	066	BLUE RIVER	14
129	5700 SMART AVE	S025	826	BLUE RIVER	30
130	HOLMES DIVERSION STRUCTURE	S028	265	MISSOURI RIVER	7
131	1420 KANSAS AVE	S033	042	BLUE RIVER	30
132	3100 BENTON PLZ	S033	828	BLUE RIVER	30
133	3820 E 16TH ST	S033	424	BLUE RIVER	30
134	3800 E 14TH ST	S033	605	BLUE RIVER	30
135	4200 E 12TH TER	S033	456	BLUE RIVER	30
136	4411 E 12TH ST	S034	055	BLUE RIVER	30
137	4900 E 12TH ST	S034	242	BLUE RIVER	3
139	5605 WINNER RD	S034	339	BLUE RIVER	14
140	5800 WINNER RD, IN REAR	S034	321	BLUE RIVER	7
142	4836 E 9TH ST	S034	257	BLUE RIVER	7
144	2909 NORTON AVE	S057	361	BLUE RIVER	14
145	2923 JACKSON AVE	S057	356	BLUE RIVER	14
146	2900 JACKSON AVE	S057	459	BLUE RIVER	14

DIVERSION STRUCTURE NUMBER	LOCATION	MAP #	MH#	RECEIVING STREAM	INSPECTION INTERVAL
147	4903 E 27TH TER	S058	467	BLUE RIVER	14
148	5300 E LINWOOD BLVD	S058	200	BLUE RIVER	14
149	3120 STADIUM DR	S058	198	BLUE RIVER	14
150	3000 STADIUM DR	S058	610	BLUE RIVER	7
151	5508 E 31ST ST	S058	171	BLUE RIVER	14
152	4040 VINEYARD DR	S073	037	BLUE RIVER	7
153	3909 ASKEW AVE	S074	267	BLUE RIVER	14
154	3941 MONROE AVE	S074	253	BLUE RIVER	14
155	3944 CLEVELAND AVE	S074	202	BLUE RIVER	14
156	3600 E 40TH ST	S074	187	BLUE RIVER	14
157	4018 MONROE AVE	S074	194	BLUE RIVER	14
158	4012 MERSINGTON AVE	S074	206	BLUE RIVER	14
159	4028 MYRTLE AVE	S074	212	BLUE RIVER	14
160	41ST & MYRTLE	S074	095	BLUE RIVER	14
161	4037 NORTON, IN WOODS	S074	089	BLUE RIVER	14
162	4109 JACKSON AVE	S073	029	BLUE RIVER	14
164	3525 E 43RD ST	S081	498	BRUSH CREEK	14
165	4401 MONROE AVE	S081	408	BRUSH CREEK	14
166	4447 MERSINGTON AVE	S081	421	BRUSH CREEK	14
167	4501 CLEVELAND AVE	S081	267	BRUSH CREEK	14
168	4518 CLEVELAND AVE	S081	265	BRUSH CREEK	14
169	4536 NORTON AVE	S081	248	BRUSH CREEK	14
170	4526 LISTER AVE	S082	154	BLUE RIVER	14
171	5618 INDEPENDENCE AVE	S025	827	BLUE RIVER	30
174	4110 SPRUCE AVE	S073	026	BLUE RIVER	14
175	4514 CLEVELAND AVE	S081	272	BRUSH CREEK	7
178	BENNINGTON & WILSON	S024	096	BLUE RIVER	30
179	4500 WAYNE AVE	S080	464	BRUSH CREEK	30
180	4500 HIGHLAND AVE	S080	480	BRUSH CREEK	30
187	5544 BELLEFONTAINE AVE	S098	321	BRUSH CREEK	14
190	7224 MAIN ST	S124	204	BRUSH CREEK	14

DIVERSION STRUCTURE NUMBER	LOCATION	MAP #	MH#	RECEIVING STREAM	INSPECTION INTERVAL
191	16 W 73RD ST	S124	193	BRUSH CREEK	14
192	101 W 72ND ST, FRONT	S124	189	BRUSH CREEK	14
193	7232 BALTIMORE AVE	S124	226	BRUSH CREEK	14
194	312 WINTROPE RD	S124	840	BRUSH CREEK	14
195	6441 TROOST AVE	S104	057	BRUSH CREEK	14
197	5101 WORNALL RD	S101	269	BRUSH CREEK	7
198	30 W 31ST TER (WST)	S055	290	OK CREEK	7
199	5144 OAK ST, LOT	S100	688	BRUSH CREEK	14
200	4901 TROOSTWOOD	S080	052	BRUSH CREEK	14
201	5300 PASEO	S099	414	BRUSH CREEK	14
203	6530 WINNER RD	S024	806	BLUE RIVER	14
205	8200 WINNER RD	S023	098	BLUE RIVER	7
206	1510 CRYSTAL AVE	S035	469	BLUE RIVER	14
207	7113 E 12TH ST	S035	544	BLUE RIVER	14
209	1700 CRYSTAL AVE	S048	117	BLUE RIVER	14
211	1800 WHITE AVE	S048	058	BLUE RIVER	7
214	I-70 & WHITE	S059	030	BLUE RIVER	14
218	6809 OAK ST	S124	404	BRUSH CREEK	14
219	2323 STATE LINE RD, TURKEY CREEK PUMP STATION (WST)	S053	682	KANSAS RIVER	30
220	258 W 3RD ST, BROADWAY DIVERSION (WST)	S029	058	MISSOURI RIVER	7
222	* SANTA FE PUMP STATION (WST)	S029	000	MISSOURI RIVER	30
301	4631 WYANDOTTE ST	S079	260	BRUSH CREEK	7
307	6104 E 7TH ST	S035	119	BLUE RIVER	14
308	7800 E 12TH ST	S036	112	BLUE RIVER	14
309	206 LYDIA AVE	S027	077	MISSOURI RIVER	14
310	HWY 210 & WALKER RD (SSO)	N014	040	MISSOURI RIVER	30
311	4501 GARFIELD AVE	S033	487	BRUSH CREEK	30
312	6142 MISSION DR, MISSION HILLS KS (SSO)	KS07	150	BRUSH CREEK	30
313	6140 MISSION DR, MISSION HILLS KS (SSO)	KS07	121	BRUSH CREEK	30
314	4200 BRUSH CREEK BLVD	S081	141	MISSOURI RIVER	30

DIVERSION STRUCTURE NUMBER	LOCATION	MAP #	MH#	RECEIVING STREAM	INSPECTION INTERVAL
315	207 LOU HOLLAND DR	N002	016	MISSOURI RIVER	14
316	4 N RICHARDS RD	N002	221	MISSOURI RIVER	14
317	70 N RICHARDS RD	N002	162	MISSOURI RIVER	14
318	5600 ELMWOOD	S097	250	BLUE RIVER	30
320	2715 E SWOPE PKWY	S081	521	BRUSH CREEK	30
321	4400 E 12TH ST	S034	580	BLUE RIVER	30
322	1209 W 50TH ST	S078	180	BRUSH CREEK	7
323	6120 MISSION DR, MISSION HILLS KS (SSO)	KS27	172	BRUSH CREEK	30
324	1233 W 67TH ST (SSO)	S125	203	BRUSH CREEK	30
325	79TH AND BROOKSIDE RD	S127	TBA	BLUE RIVER	30
326	81ST TER AND BROOKSIDE RD	S127	ТВА	BLUE RIVER	30
327	W 83RD ST AND BROOKSIDE RD	S148	TBA	BLUE RIVER	30

ATTACHMENT D: CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT OF FULL OPERATION FOR PROJECTS

To conserve resources, electronic copies of the Certificate of Achievement of Full Operation for the following SSP projects achieving this milestone in 2018 are included are enclosed:

- I/I Reduction: Blue River North Basin
- I/I Reduction: Blue River South Basin Project Areas 1 & 2
- I/I Reduction: Line Creek/Rock Creek 1
- Sewer Pipe Consolidation: Outfall 063 Phase 2
- Town Fork Creek Neighborhood Sewer Rehabilitation
- Sewer Separation: Diversion Structures 063 & 099
- I/I Reduction: Blue River South Basin Project Area 3
- SEP No. 3 Blue River Trailhead Parking Lot
- I/I Reduction: Blue River Central Basin Project 1 & 2
- Manhole Modifications: Middle Blue River
- NEID: Sewer Separation Diversion Structure 006
- I/I Reduction: Line Creek/Rock Creek 2
- In-Line Storage: OK Creek Gates
- Diversion Structures 065 and 073 Consolidation



KCMO.GOV/SMARTSEWER